Medway Learning & Skills Plan

February 2008

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 This is the Consultation Draft of Medway Learning & Skills Plan (MLSP), which intends to drive a wholesale improvement in the skills levels of the current and future population of Medway over the coming years.
- 1.2 <u>Medway's Economic Development Vision</u>
- 1.2.1 Medway's vision is to become a City of Learning, Culture, Tourism and Enterprise, and a prosperous, competitive and robust economic driver of regional significance within the South East economy.
- 1.2.2 The Medway Economic Development Statement 2006 identifies improvement of skills as one of 5 key strategic aims to achieve that vision, citing the clear need to instil a learning culture among Medway people and Medway businesses alike, as a critical factor in achieving sustained economic growth.¹
- 1.2.3 The MLSP will, therefore, have a significant role in sustainable community development and the future economic prosperity in Medway, and will underpin Medway's on-going social and economic regeneration.
- 1.3 <u>Strategic Context and Targets</u>
- 1.3.1 Key recent Government policy documents such as *World Class Skills: Implementing the Leitch Review of Skills in England* and the *Review of Sub National Economic Development and Regeneration* outline likely national target outcomes in skills and related economic improvements (see appendix 1), to which local authorities and public sector agencies will be mandated to deliver.
- 1.3.2 As Medway now has in place the learning infrastructure to support all stages of learning and education delivery, the MLSP sets out to support these key national policy agendas, including; increasing economic activity (and increasing employment levels), increasing progression of children, young adults and adults into higher levels of education, and increasing levels of productivity and enterprise.²
- 1.4 Consultation
- 1.4.1 The draft MLSP has been developed in 2007 by partners from; Medway Council, the Kent and Medway Lifelong Learning Network, Mid Kent College, the Gateway Knowledge Alliance and others.

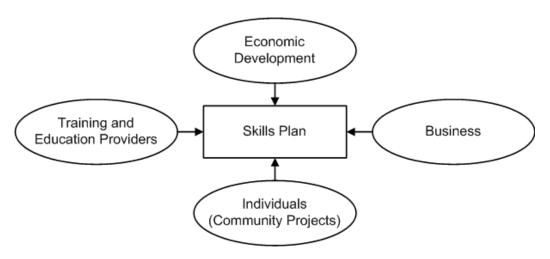
¹ This document should be read in conjunction with the Medway Economic Development Statement 2006 and the Medway Regeneration Framework.

² Appendix 2 provides an overview of the strategic and policy context of the MLSP.

1.4.2 The partners involved now seek general views on the content of the draft MLSP from stakeholders, many of who will have a key role in the development and delivery of a cohesive strategy. Specific consultation questions, and contact details are included at the end of this document (see section 6).

2. Purpose of Plan

2.1 The purpose of this plan is to bring together under one strategic framework measures to address the learning and skills needs of individuals of all ages and the training needs of businesses, tied into the latest thinking on the direction of the Medway economy – in particular, what the future demand for skills will be – and then to ensure that learning providers (from schools to universities) are matching provision accordingly.



- 2.2 The MLSP therefore draws the following themes together to provide the basis for a comprehensive, innovative and coherent framework and action plan for skills development in Medway:
 - Economic Development
 - Business Need
 - Individual Need
 - Training and education provision

2.3 **Objectives:**

- 2.3.1 <u>Overall</u>
 - 1. Establish a charter that outlines the common commitment to improve skills levels in Medway - for all stakeholders to sign up to.
 - 2. Provide leadership, increase aspirations, promote and enable Medway as a learning city, and include key sectors and employers in establishing a learning culture.
- 2.3.2 Economy
 - 3. Ensure that employability, flexibility, enterprise and potential for re-skilling are addressed as key components of the skills plan.

4. Ensure that skills programmes reflect the short- and long-term needs of the Medway economy, inward investment and knowledge economy needs, and encourage economic growth through skills.

2.3.3 Businesses

- 5. Improve engagement with Medway businesses, give them greater certainty, and provide them with the opportunity to employ modern workforce development practices.
- 6. Ensure that skills and training provision reflects employer's needs.

2.3.4 Learning Providers

- 7. Fostering collaboration to ensure development of partnership, innovation and sustainable delivery among learning and skills partners.
- 8. Ensure that all partners are committed to the provision of the best quality training and education, in the most appropriate and effective ways to individuals and businesses.

2.3.5 Individuals

- 9. Ensure that each individual can achieve their potential by providing appropriate, consistent and open progression and access to training, guidance, and support.
- 10. Raise aspirations by promoting well-informed choices, and linkages between skills attainment and earning capacity.

3. Rationale

- 3.1 This coordinated approach to development of the MLSP is responding to the following critical issues highlighted by the new Government policy agenda:
 - No single agency can deliver the necessary transformation
 - Leadership, vision and strategic planning among stakeholders are not properly aligned
 - Non-alignment of data sharing and resources among stakeholders
 - The disconnection between employers and skills providers
 - Major skills deficits in Medway (a decisive factor behind worklessness)
 - Skills shortages common among employers, including employability issues for new entrants to the labour market
 - Multiplicity of approaches to engagement and delivery (causing confusion among businesses and individuals)
- 3.2 **Size of the task:** It is estimated that there are over 13,000 businesses in Medway, with over 10,000 economically inactive people that 'would like to get a job'. In addition, over 130,000 people are economically active (with 4,000 people officially unemployed) who could potentially benefit from re-training or up-skilling. When including the numbers of 14-19's that require work-based learning or progression opportunities, it is clear that the necessary transformation in skills cannot be delivered by a single agency or institution.
- 3.3 **Common approach:** Factors such as; differing timescales, overlapping areas of responsibility, perceived competition for clients, and constantly evolving funding regimes have resulted in an uncoordinated approach between training providers to supply the skills market.
- 3.4 **Employer/provider disconnection:** There is a lack of institutional connection between businesses and the education system (increasingly emphasised by the fragmentation of the business demographic). This is a particular issue for Medway, where the (higher) education infrastructure did not previously exist to support the education role played by the traditional industries. Although local partners are developing relationships with large employers, there is a further challenge in engaging SMEs (over 99% of local businesses).
- 3.5 In addition, Government policy in the 1980's removed the requirement of businesses to invest in its workforce, which compounded this disconnection. Although the Government has established a number of new institutions to help develop the skills agenda – the Skills for Business Network (SSC's and the SSDA), the expectation of responsibility for training has to a large extent shifted from businesses to the education system.

- 3.6 Consequently, there is a general misconception among training providers that business is not prepared to pay for training, while businesses point to a general confusion over what training providers can provide, and can be sceptical over the value of certain qualifications.
- 3.7 **Skills deficits:** Skills levels in Medway lag behind national and regional comparisons (see appendix 3). Factors that influence these statistics include; the brain drain, lack of progression rates (borne from entrenched cultural attitudes towards learning and a historic lack of infrastructure), and the reduction of training opportunities offered by employers following the collapse of traditional industries in the 1980s.
- 3.8 **Skills shortages:** Employers bemoan the lack of appropriately skilled people in the local labour market. The skills deficit comprises both sector specific and generic and transferable skills.
- 3.9 **Multiplicity of engagement and delivery:** Medway now has four Higher Education Institutions and the largest FE college in the Thames Gateway (Mid Kent College). These organisations are now part of a wider public (and private) training sector in Medway trying to engage businesses to either:
 - Promote courses/services on offer to businesses;
 - Persuade businesses to place apprentices; or
 - Consult on business needs
- 3.10 Each public sector organisation has (or is in the process of creating) multiple posts aimed at business engagement. The resulting influx of uncoordinated business engagement activity is putting the businesses off, and is counter productive in terms of selling those services to businesses.

4. Strategic Priorities

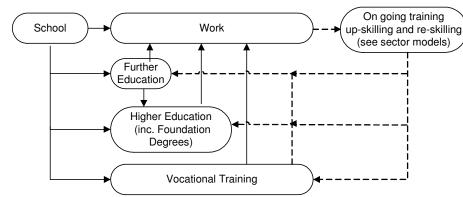
4.1 The MSLP proposes a collective approach to delivering the following strategic priorities to support local economic growth as set out in section 1 above:

4.2 Strategic Priority 1 - Coordinate Business Engagement

- 4.2.1 There is a growing recognition that a common stakeholder approach to addressing skills issues is required, as supported by the findings of the *Review of Sub National Economic Development and Regeneration*. Actions to achieve this should include an alignment of strategic planning and leadership, and sharing of data and resources.
- 4.2.2 To achieve this, it will be necessary to establish a strategic body to provide leadership for this agenda. In addition, the strategic body will need to be supported by a cross-agency task group, to ensure a more coordinated approach to engagement, leading to better coordinated delivery of services and support.

4.3 Strategic Priority 2 – Skills Progression

4.3.1 The role of provision for young people aged 14-19 in Medway is critical in moving forward and prioritising the skills agenda through the development of both vocational provision for young people at 13/14+ and the development of 'composite' qualifications such as the Diploma comprising a broad range for vocational and general education elements.



Learning Progression Model

4.4 Strategic Priority 3 – Promote the value of skills

4.4.1 The value of skills in contributing to economic and personal enhancement is not popularly accepted either by Medway residents or Medway businesses. It is therefore critically important that the MLSP includes as a priority measures that can effectively give individuals and businesses a reason why that they should invest time and resources into skills improvement.

4.4.2 Intrinsically linked to this priority is the need to raise the aspirations of local people, which are equally relevant to pupils in schools, beneficiaries community-based projects, and those in work or seeking career advice.

4.5 Strategic Priority 4 – Employability

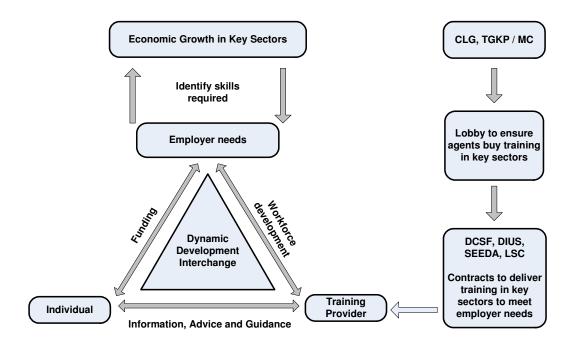
- 4.5.1 Employability is a key area of concern for employees. The perception of business is that schools and colleges are producing a stream of young adults that are either unsuitable for work or unwilling to work, and employers from every sector state that they have difficulty finding suitable staff (see appendix 5 Business)
- 4.5.2 The education system is expected by business to provide employable young people with the required functional skills into the working world. This should be a given, and this plan needs to persuade partners that this should be addressed as a priority. Provision of functional skills, however, needs to be delivered in an attractive way that is relevant to the working world and vocational programmes and composite programmes such as the new Diploma can provide this.
- 4.5.3 The working world is constantly changing and the requirements of the workforce have to adapt. Flexibility and the capacity to re-skill will be increasingly essential. This also means that young people in schools and college need to develop flexible and transferable skills rather than being provided with 'job ready' training, except where such training provides the necessary level of motivation to encourage them to stay in learning and avoid becoming NEET at 16+.

4.6 Strategic Priority 5 – Lobby to enable effective delivery

- 4.6.1 <u>Lobbying Government or national agencies:</u> The complex emerging Government agenda includes a new focus on prioritisation of local needs. There are some instances, however, where Government policy or the criteria that a certain scheme is bound by will require alteration or a more flexible approach locally. The establishment of a Medway Employment and Skills Board with a specific strategic focus, where all key stakeholders are represented, will have greater weight as a collective Medway voice to take forward such issues. A collective request for further resources will also be more likely to be successful, particularly as CLG has stated that it will look favourably on solid partnership approaches for resources from Thames Gateway partners.
- 4.6.2 <u>Exerting influence on local partners to improve delivery:</u> There is a large amount of duplication of delivery among learning providers in Medway. It is anticipated that the strategic partnership will to affect changes among member provision, either in course provision or in

promoting flexible methods of delivery. In addition, using examples of Employment and Skills Boards piloted elsewhere in the country, the inclusion of business representation has enabled moves towards a commissioning function for the Employment and Skills Boards.

- 4.7 Overview
- 4.7.1 The schematic diagram below provides an overview of the process the MLSP is aiming for, which is drawing together the above strategic priorities, learning and skills delivery and key sector requirements, as a means to deliver the strategic aim for local economic growth.



5. Approach

- 5.1 The draft MLSP has been developed in 2007 with partners from; Medway Council, the Kent and Medway Lifelong Learning Network, Mid Kent College, the Gateway Knowledge Alliance and others. A steering group has been formed by partners to oversee the progress of the MLSP.
- 5.2 The MLSP has focused on developing the following:
 - A priority sector approach to engage business
 - A community initiative-based approach to enabling NEETs to access skills support
 - Engagement with schools and Medway Council Children's Services to align progression and work-based learning opportunities to wider agenda
- 5.3 The programme steering group agreed that a suitable method for developing the MLSP would be to develop a sector specific approach for the current local priority sectors these are:
 - Construction
 - Cultural and Creative Industries
 - Finance and Business Services
 - Health and Social Care
 - Manufacturing and Engineering (including Environmental Technologies)
 - Retail, Leisure and Tourism
- 5.4 A further chapter will be developed focusing on Education, but later moving towards addressing wider skills issues for public administration, as it is a key employer in Medway.
- 5.5 Coordinators were appointed for each sector group in April 2007. The role of the coordinators was to draft a sector chapter (see appendix 6). Each chapter uses the MLSP themes and Gateway Knowledge Alliance priority areas for action as a template to detail current issues, and necessary actions to take the skills agenda forward.
- 5.6 The coordinators have acted as a point of liaison for businesses in each sector, and to pull together detail about existing provision of skills and training courses, and current and future skills needs for each sector. Several workshops and meetings with businesses have been held to help inform the sector chapters.
- 5.7 Discussions between the coordinators group have identified that the engagement of businesses is a critical issue, so the MLSP approach is, in the first instance, to work towards achieving an alignment of business engagement activity among Medway stakeholders, including business support agencies, Higher Education institutions, Mid Kent

College and the schools through Local Development Partnerships (for the new Diplomas) and work placement requirements.

5.8 The project is currently working towards identifying existing interfaces with the business community in particular sectors (ie. The Medway Tourism Alliance for the tourism sector). The interface would then be used by a partnership of representatives interested in engaging with that sector as the principal conduit of information between businesses and the public sector. In sectors where these natural interfaces do not currently exist, partners would seek to create them.

5.9 Phased Approach

5.9.1 The draft action plan for the MLSP is attached (see appendix 6). This draft plan gives a longer-term view of actions for the effective delivery of the skills agenda in Medway. The plan is indicative at this stage, and the table below sets out a more concise list of immediate priority actions describing a phased approach to achieving full support of Medway partners to this agenda.

Action	Timescale	Description
1. Consultation	September- November 2007	 Circulate Consultation Draft MLSP to stakeholders. Presentations to key local partnerships Meetings with key stakeholders Possible workshop sessions
2. Develop strategic arrangements	October 2007 – May 2008	 Liaise with key personnel in relevant local partnerships to seek alignment/merger if necessary Liaise with potential partnership members Identify resource from partners to establish task group Monitor examples of best practice elsewhere
3. Pilot business engagement arrangements	Summer 2008	 Agree approach with business support partners Seek 'summit' of business engagement stakeholders Identify candidate partners for pilot scheme, and establish phased approach Identify 'quick wins'
4. Pilot information sharing arrangements	Summer 2008	 Identify candidate partners for pilot information share arrangement Identify best methods of sharing data
5. Sector priorities	October 2007-June 2008	 Identify critical actions within sector priorities (eg. where funding for key project is due to expire)

6. Details

6.1 For further information, please contact:

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Possible Target Outcomes

The following targets are taken from a number of sources, including national, and local government, and have all been published (or drafted) in 2007. While they are all relate to Learning and Skills priority areas, none are approved as official targets. The targets are included in this appendix as an indicated of what Local Area Agreement target outcomes for Medway could constitute.

- 1. National Government:
- 1.1 Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills (DIUS) published World Class Skills: Implementing the Leitch Review of Skills in England in July 2007. The report says that, following the publication of the Comprehensive Spending Review (due in October 2007) the following targets will be set to be achieved by 2011:
 - Participation in full-time education by 17-olds to rise to 84%
 - 222,000 level 1 literacy achievements per year and 165,000 entry level 3 numeracy achievements per year equivalent to 89% of adults qualified to level 1 literacy (from 85% in 2005), and 81% of adults qualified to level 3 numeracy (from 79% in 2005)
 - 449,000 first full level 2 achievements per year equivalent to 79% of adults qualified at least to full level 2 (from 69% in 2005)
 - 213,000 first full level 3 achievements per year equivalent to 56% of adults qualified at least to full level 3 (from 48% in 2005)
- 1.2 In addition, the Government will set a target for 36% of adults to be qualified to level 4 and above (from 29% in 2005)
- 1.3 The report also states the Government envisages that these overarching targets will be reflected in the Sector Skills Agreements (SSAs) that are central to the Sector Skills Councils (SSCs) remit.
- 1.4 Also in July 2007, HM Treasury, Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform, and Department for Communities and Local Government jointly published the *Review of Sub National Economic Development and Regeneration*. The review stated that the Regional Economic Performance Public Service Agreement (PSA) will include the following indicators:
 - Employment rate, showing the proportion of the working age population in work
 - Basic, intermediate and higher skills attainment, to show skills levels (consistent with DIUS targets)

2. <u>Regional targets:</u>

- 2.1 SEEDA's Regional Economic Strategy (RES) Draft Implementation Plan includes the following targets to the local skills and employment agenda:
 - Target 6 Maximise the number of people ready for employment at all skills levels, and ensure that they are equipped to progress in the labour market.
 - 6.1 Ensure education and training providers deliver skills provision and services to meet business requirements and stimulate the demand for higher level skills, including the use of SSAs
 - 6.3 Increase the percentage of the working age population with qualifications at level 2 or higher from 66% in 2003 to at least 80% by 2016, and the percentage with qualifications at level 4 or higher from 28% in 2003 to at least 40% by 2016.
 - Target 10 Improve the productivity of the workforce and increase economic activity from 82% to 85% by bringing 110,000 net additional residents of working age into the labour market by 2016, as a step towards bringing up to 250,000 residents into the labour market by 2026.
- 3. <u>Sub regional/local:</u>
- 3.1 KCC is currently consulting on its second Local Area Agreement (Kent Agreement 2), which is currently in development. The draft includes to outcomes related to the skills agenda:
 - Outcome 2 Promoting pathways to employment, to include:
 - Reducing welfare dependency (incapacity benefit)
 - Employment for vulnerable adults with physical, mental and learning disabilities
 - Older people (50+) currently unemployed or on incapacity benefit
 - Retraining of people in work with no/low skills
 - Vocational learning/training opportunities for young people, including NEETs
 - Outcome 4 Skills transformation in specific sectors and for people of all ages, to include:
 - Skills for specific sectors
 - People of all ages (including NEETs)
 - Outcomes around Learning for Everyone are also being developed, although the publication of 18 compulsory national targets for Education and Children is expected with the CSR.

Strategic Context

- 1.1 The MLSP aims to align the development of strategic policy from national, regional and Thames Gateway level to the actions being developed in the plan. The draft plan states how the sector chapters have also been tied in to priority areas of action identified by the Gateway Knowledge Alliance (GKA). Below lists several areas of policy development that will have a direct impact upon the MLSP agenda.
- 2.1 <u>Local Area Agreements (LAAs):</u> The Local Area Agreement with Central Government represents a new contract for improving the delivery of key local priorities through stronger local leadership, enhanced levels of partnership working, and improved mechanisms for service planning and delivery. LAAs therefore present an opportunity to galvanize partner activity towards the common aims of the skills agenda.
- 2.2 Since 2005 a programme of LAAs has been put in place to draw together and co-ordinate the provision of public services within each locality. Coterminous with local authority boundaries, these result from negotiation between and commitment by the key deliverers of local services, co-ordinated by the principal local authorities which act as the Accountable Body for the delivery of the LAA.
- 2.3 However, belief in their appropriateness and commitment to enable them to work is clear on the part of government. The new round of LAA from 2008 will be supported by a compulsion to engage and, where local authority boundaries do not accord with those appropriate to particular domains of intervention, Multi Area Agreements will be encouraged.
- 2.4 LAAs therefore present an opportunity to galvanize partner activity towards the common aims of the skills agenda.
- 3.1 <u>Leitch Review:</u> The main thrust of the Leitch Review is that the UK as a whole needs to upskill its workforce. More specifically, it flags an urgent need to reduce to an absolute minimum the numbers of individuals with basic literacy and numeracy problems and, at the other end of the scale, increase to 50% + the numbers of those participating in Higher Education.
- 3.2 The MLSP proposes to incorporate the issues identified by Leitch, and translate them into meaningful action at local level. For example, the review has driven the new requirement for colleges to achieving Full Cost Recovery on all courses delivered to students aged 19+. The MLSP is developing sector interfaces (see 7.4), aimed at improving access to the business client market, thereby making cost recovery more realistic.

- 4.1 <u>Lyons Review:</u> The Lyon's Inquiry into Local Government highlighted issues that are very relevant to the delivery of skills improvements. These include:
 - The need for economic intervention to be more locally attuned, which is likely to impact upon future sub-regional partnership arrangements
 - The key message that there is seen to be an opportunity to reestablish the relationship between local authorities and the business community (crucial to business engagement)
- 5.1 <u>Business Support Simplification Programme</u>: This programme responds to the previous Chancellor's challenge in the 2006 Budget for the public sector to simplify business support by reducing the number of schemes available from over 3,000 to no more than 100. The aims of this challenge are as follows:
 - To make it easier for businesses to access support
 - To use public money more efficiently by reducing spend on administration
 - To ensure value for money by measuring the effect of business support on the economy and public policy goals
- 5.2 The DTIs¹ Small Business Service is leading the pan-departmental, pan-agency programme, which is developing proposals throughout 2007. Medway Council Economic Development has contributed to the development of the programme and is in discussions to pilot the new business support arrangements in Medway.
- 6.1 <u>Review of Sub-National Economic Development and Regeneration</u> (SNR) (published in July 2007): The review outlines the Government's plans for economic development policy at the local level. It will consult on creation of a focused statutory economic development duty of Local Authorities, and on the possible creation of local Employment and Skills Boards (ESBs) to give employers influence over the interaction of employment and skills services. Central Government, National Agencies and Regional bodies will need to provide the support to Local Authorities necessary for Local Authorities to deliver improved local prosperity, and public agencies at local level will be given a 'duty to cooperate' on LAAs, strengthening the leadership role of Local Authorities.
- 6.2 The Government applied the following principles in taking forward this review:
 - Managing Economic Development policy at the right levels
 - Ensuring clarity of roles

¹ The Department for Trade and Industry is being reorganised under the title Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform.

- Enabling places to reach their potential
- 6.3 This new agenda is therefore of critical importance to MLSP.

Central Government, National Agencies and Regional bodies will need to provide the support to Local Authorities necessary for Local Authorities to deliver improved local prosperity, to include:

- Greater certainty and flexibility over funding
- More long-term funding
- A focus on agreed outcomes, rather than achieving detailed performance targets
- 6.4 The SNR also states that a 'duty to cooperate' will be included in LAAs for public agencies at the local level, strengthening the leadership role of Local Authorities.
- 6.5 Alignment of economic development and neighbourhood renewal activities will need to improve neighbourhood interventions will need a stronger focus on economic drivers, and the longer-term economic potential of the area. Connecting disadvantaged communities to economic opportunities will require a coordinated approach with housing, the physical environment, and provision of other public services.
- 7.1 New Proposals for 16-19 funding arrangements: The new Prime Minister announced a reorganisation of government departments concerned with education and training. The DfES has been split into two: the Department for Children, Schools and Families (DCSF) will take responsibility for the Every Child Matters (ECM) agenda, including some aspects of children's health; the Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills (DIUS) will take on some responsibilities from the DTI and will focus on meeting the challenges set in the Leitch report. From 1 April 2009, DCSF will have responsibility for the new 14-19 diplomas, including funding the contribution to them from colleges of further education; it will also take over sixth form funding. All these resources will be channelled through local authorities rather than the Learning and Skills Council (as is currently the case). Taken with the decision made some time ago to empower local authorities to commission the services currently provided from Connexions with effect from 1 April 2008, this means an expanded role for the Council in commissioning education, training, advice and guidance for young people up to the age of eighteen - a change which is consistent with proposals to raise the statutory age for leaving education or training to eighteen and which underlines the need for the Council to take an overview of education and training issues.

8. <u>Regional Context (SEEDA)</u>

- 8.1 Expectations of Medway are high. Identified as a Regional Hub within The Thames Gateway Diamond for Investment and Growth in the *Regional Economic Strategy* 2006 and located within the Kent Thames Gateway sub-region², Medway is a focus for development as a regional city. The *South East Plan* advocates 'smart growth'. This is often interpreted as economic growth that does not require the importing of extra labour or the use of extra land. This is achieved by increasing the economic activity rate, increasing the skills base of the workforce, promoting the use of technology to improve productivity or the outsourcing of lower value jobs that do not have to be based in the area.
- 8.2 Medway has the potential to be a major player in 'smart growth' due to its large resident workforce and low cost base. (See also the *South East Regional Economic Strategy*, October 2006)
- 8.3 Skill levels will need to be raised to both attract new higher value added employers into the area and to ensure that existing residents can take advantage of the economic benefits of regeneration.
- 9. <u>Thames Gateway</u>
- 9.1 The Thames Gateway Interim Plan Policy Framework, launched at the Thames Gateway Forum 2006 commits the government to strengthening skills across the Thames Gateway as a whole. The policy framework supports the growth of virtual collaborations to support innovations such as the new 14-19 Vocational Diploma Lines.
- 9.2 In addition, the Policy Framework states that the 'major capital investment in learning infrastructure in the Thames Gateway will be concentrated where there is robust collaboration between partners promoting innovative practice.'³ This statement provides incentive for the proposals contained within the MLSP.
- 9.3 In North Kent Thames Gateway, the Gateway Knowledge Alliance (GKA) was established in 2004 meet the challenges of regenerating North Kent by creating a more integrated and responsive learning and skills system. The GKA Learning and Skills Plan for North Kent (2006-12) identifies eight key issues as affecting all industry sectors in the area:
 - *Workforce demographics,* including ageing workforce, underrepresented minority groups, lack of awareness of career options or lack of aspiration to work in unfamiliar sectors.

² The RES Implementation Plan relabelled the North Kent Thames Gateway as a Diamond for Investment and Growth

³ Thames Gateway Interim Plan - Policy Framework (November 2006)

- Staff Retention the draw of London's higher wages and perceived better opportunities and status present local employers with difficulties in recruiting and retaining skilled staff
- *Improved English Skills* for migrant and overseas workers, particularly in Healthcare, Engineering, Construction and Hospitality.
- *Programme Content & Delivery Mechanism* mismatch between course content and current requirements coupled with inappropriate modes of delivery.
- Leadership and Management Skills there is a need for business support in these areas through a range of training and advice mechanisms.
- *Employer Engagement* poor engagement by the learning and skills sector
- *Funding* currently funding concentrates efforts on adults at Level 2 leaving gaps in provision
- *Administrative Boundaries* forming obstacles to effective working and collaboration.
- 9.4 These issues encompass a range of barriers faced by Medway, which will need to be tackled through a variety of measures by a number of different agencies including Local Government, Funding Bodies such as the LSC, Training and Education Providers, Employers and Employees themselves.
- 10. <u>Conclusion</u>
- 10.1 The cumulative effect of the strategic developments listed above are that they both emphasise the need for closer collaborative working to address skills issues, and also potentially help to provide Local Authorities with the necessary influence to ensure that collaboration happens at the local level.

Skills Review and Statistical Analysis

1. <u>Skills in Medway's workforce</u>

- 1.1 The table below provides figures on the numbers of the Medway workforce reaching certain skills levels. Due to the size of Medway's workforce, the numbers reaching each official level are significant, although all levels lag behind the regional and national averages. The most significant deficit is the total number of Medway workers reaching National Vocational Qualification (NVQ) level 4 or above. NVQ4 is those people educated to degree level or equivalent, and this gap is primarily caused by the following factors:
 - There was no higher education presence in Medway until the early 1990's.
 - The 'brain-drain' of degree level school-leavers moving out of the area
 - The 'job for life' culture of the traditional industrial base of Medway.

	Medway (Total)	Medway (%)	South East (%)	GB (%)
NVQ4 and above	25,000	16.2	28.5	25.2
NVQ3 and above	53,000	33.6	46.9	43.1
NVQ2 and above	86,000	55.1	66.0	61.5
NVQ1 and above	118,000	74.9	81.1	76.0
Other Qualifications ¹	16,000	9.9	8.0	8.8
No Qualifications	24,000	15.0	10.8	15.1

Table 1 - Qualification levels (working population)

Local area labour force survey (Mar 2003-Feb 2004)

1.2 Table 2 demonstrates the change in skills levels in Medway in comparison to the regional and national averages. The performance over the past 4 years has been mixed. There has been a better than average improvement at NVQ level 4 and above, and at NVQ level 2², but there have been a relative decline in the numbers of people reaching NVQ3³, and an actual decline in the numbers only reaching NVQ1 in the basic skills. The latter shouldn't necessarily be a concern (as people up-skill, they should progress to a higher qualification bracket), but the reduction in number of people with no qualifications (while slightly below the national average) has been marginal.

¹Other qualifications include foreign qualifications and some professional qualifications.

² NVQ2 is intermediate GNVQ level, and equivalent to 5 or more GCSEs grade A-C.

³ NVQ3 is advanced GNVQ level, and equivalent to 2 or more A levels.

	Thevels (working population) - onlanges since 2000.								
	Medway (Total)		South East (%)			GB (%)			
	2000	2004	+/-	2000	2004	+/-	2000	2004	+/-
NVQ4 and above	12.7	16.2	+3.5	25.9	28.5	+2.6	22.5	25.2	+2.7
NVQ3 and above	32.8	33.6	+0.8	43.6	46.9	+3.3	39.3	43.1	+3.4
NVQ2 and above	51.4	55.1	+3.7	63.0	66.0	+3.0	57.9	61.5	+3.6
NVQ1 and above	77.2	74.9	-2.3	79.2	81.1	+1.9	73.5	76.0	+2.5
Other Qualifications	7.3	9.9	+2.6	8.8	8.0	-0.8	9.7	8.8	-0.9
No Qualifications	15.5	15.0	-0.5	12.0	10.8	-1.2	16.8	15.1	-1.7

Table 2 - Qualification levels (working population) – changes since 2000.

Local area labour force survey (Mar 2003-Feb 2004)

- 1.3 These figures demonstrate that there remains a considerable lag in Medway's skills levels. The improvement in higher level qualifications has been relatively good, but this is expected following major progress in the higher education provision in Medway in recent years. As with the level of economic activity detailed in section 1 above, the overall under-performance in skill is such that Medway requires a level of improvement in all areas that is considerably above the regional and national average in order to reach a satisfactory level.
- 1.4 According to the LSC Skills Audit 2003 (based on 572 responses) around 25% of residents did not hold a NVQ or equivalent qualification. Given the numbers interviewed this is only a broad indicator of unskilled residents, although it suggests improvements on the Census figure (32%)⁴.
- 1.5 According to the Skills For Life Survey (DfES 2003), 10% of Medway adults (16+) have poor literacy and 50% with poor numeracy skills. For levels of literacy, Medway are comparable to the Kent and Medway and National averages (9%). Although numeracy levels are lower in Medway than the Kent and Medway and National averages, Medway has higher numeracy levels than the neighbouring Thames Gateway districts of Gravesham and Swale.
- 1.6 The 2004 Labour Force Survey figures indicate that Medway has one of the lowest proportions of highly qualified working age adults 16% qualified to NVQ 4+. This is below the average for Kent and Medway (23%) and the National average (25%), and could impact on Medway's ability to fully engage with the Knowledge Economy.
- 1.7 In comparison with the South East in general, Medway has a low proportion of managers, senior officials and those in professional occupations; while numbers employed as process, plant and machinery operatives is substantially higher than the South East average. Quote: 'This is consistent with the industrial heritage of the

⁴ Accurate conclusions could not be drawn from the Skills Audit data by age due to small sample sizes

region but highlights the shift in roles that will become necessary if Medway is to achieve its economic development goals'.

	Medway (numbers)	Medway (%)	South East (%)	GB (%)
Soc 2000 major group 1-3	44,000	36.1	46.0	40.5
1 Managers and senior officials	18,000	14.6	17.3	14.6
2 Professional occupations	11,000	8.8	13.9	12.1
3 Associate professional & technical	15,000	12.7	14.7	13.8
Soc 2000 major group 4-5	34,000	28.0	23.3	24.4
4 Administrative & secretarial	18,000	14.8	12.7	13.0
5 Skilled trades occupations	16,000	13.2	10.6	11.4
Soc 2000 major group 6-7	19,000	15.9	15.0	15.5
6 Personal service occupations	10,000	8.5	7.3	7.5
7 Sales and customer service occs	9,000	7.3	7.7	8.0
Soc 2000 major group 8-9	24,000	20.0	15.7	19.6
8 Process plant & machine operatives	9,000	7.7	5.6	7.7
9 Elementary occupations	15,000	12.4	10.1	11.8

Table 3 - Socio-economic profile

Local area Labour Force Survey (Mar 2003-Feb 2004)

- 2. <u>Skills Review</u>
- 2.1 As part of the development of the MLSP, the University of Kent's Centre for Work and Learning (CWAL) was commissioned to conduct a mapping exercise of existing training provision in Medway, and to identify various key issues associated with the skills deficits. The key findings of the research are as follows:
- *2.1.1 Gaps in provision*. The matrix of existing training provision highlights weaknesses in provision in the following areas:
 - Lower level manufacturing and engineering programmes
 - Retail training at all levels
- 2.1.2 Lack of responsiveness and adaptability amongst public sector training providers. Colleges of Further Education (FECs) and Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) are not currently able to offer the same level of adaptability and responsiveness as private training providers due to internal bureaucratic and administrative barriers
- 2.1.3. Inflexible funding models. Current funding arrangements within FE constitute a barrier to creating the vision of employer-centred and flexible provision described by Leitch. Funding bodies need to develop more flexible funding models to promote work-based, flexible learner-focused provision. Demand is often led by agencies, rather than being employer-led.

- 2.1.4 Fragmentation of information. A central information brokerage for both employers and learners is required. CWAL, Kent and Medway Lifelong Learning Network, Aim Higher and the Gateway Knowledge Alliance have clear requirements for working in partnership to achieve the overall goals of widening participation in education to better meet the needs of local employers. Quote: 'It is vital that this style of information sharing and partnership-working be fostered across the board.'
- 2.1.5 The Accreditation of Prior Learning. The Accreditation of Prior Learning offers an excellent avenue for increasing access to further learning, and reduces length and cost of formal training. CWAL is undertaking work to develop AP(E)L framework that can be applied across many different types of organisation.

Partner Organisations

Local Authority:

- Children's Services
- Economic Development
- Jobsmatch
- Prime Advantage Project
- Town Centre Managers
- Medway Adult Learning Service
- Medway College of Social Care
- Social Regeneration
- REIGNITE
- SCORE
- Tourism

Business Support partners:

- Business Link Kent
- Skills South East
- Enterprise Agency of North Kent
- Thames Gateway Chamber of Commerce
- Federation of Small Businesses

Higher Education Institutions:

- Canterbury Christ Church University (Medway)
- University College for the Creative Arts (Rochester)
- University of Greenwich (Medway Campus)
- University of Kent at Medway
- Centre for Work and Learning
- Kent Business School

Further Education providers:

- Mid Kent College
- Work based learning providers
- IPS International

Agencies:

- Medway Education Business Partnership
- SEEDA
- Connexions
- NACRO
- Sector Skills Councils
- KATO

MSLP Themes

This appendix provides an overview of the four themes identified as having critical impact to the skills agenda in Medway:

- Economic Development
- Business Need
- Individual Need
- Training and Education Providers

1. Economic Development

- 1.1 Medway's economic development strategy is primarily aimed at creating a robust and diverse economy. The Medway Economic Development Statement 2006 makes clear that up-skilling and reskilling of the Medway workforce is a critical part of achieving a robust and diverse economy. These issues are equally relevant for tomorrow's workforce, and it is imperative that this agenda is able to drive local education policy accordingly.
- 1.2 Medway, as the largest labour market in geographical SE England (outside of London), fundamentally needs to consider the requirements of the London-centric SE economy in its skills planning.

Wider issues

- 1.3 The economic landscape is now dominated by service orientated economic functions. This means that transferable skills in areas such as communications skills, ICT, project management will become increasingly important.
- 1.4 This is not to discount the long-term importance of production industries. The impact of globalisation, however, will mean that manufacturing and engineering services will need to be more creative, securing niche positions in relevant markets. Innovation in business processes will also be crucial, so supply chain management, and creative approaches to winning business will be crucial.
- 1.5 The ageing population will also impact upon the labour market and demand for skills. The prospect of people working longer will increase the likelihood that skills sets will become obsolete within working lifetimes. The need for re-skilling will therefore increase.

Knowledge Economy

1.6 Particularly significant here is the development of the 'knowledge economy'. This is defined where specialist knowledge is increasingly identified as the key determinant to adding value to a good or service (OECD).

- 1.7 In practice a combination of information technology, innovation and entrepreneurship provides the leverage for advanced economies to grow further and outsource low value activity - either services or manufacturing - to other low wage economies in a global market place. High-level skills development and the implementation of the 14-19 Reform programme are central to the delivery of strategies associated with the knowledge economy.
- 1.8 Learners require the following skills sets in the knowledge economy:
 - Communication skills both an effective knowledge of their mother tongue and an ability to communicate in a foreign language;
 - Mathematical literacy and basic competences in science and technology;
 - Digital competence understanding and use of ICT;
 - Personal Learning and Thinking Skills;
 - Functional skills (mathematics, communications and ICT) to a minimum standard (L2);
 - Independent learning skills an ability to acquire, process, evaluate and apply new knowledge and solve problems;
 - Work skills contributing to a team, flexibility and multi-tasking;
 - Social & networking skills interpersonal and civic competences;
 - Entrepreneurship defined broadly by the European Commission as taking responsibility for one's own actions, an ability to develop a strategic vision, set objectives and the motivation to succeed rather the narrow definition of skills for business;
 - Creativity cultural awareness and creative expression.

2. Business

- 2.1 This section gives reference to local and national research (drawing upon work of the sector skills councils) to set out objectives needed to address the skills needs of employers. The section also draws in the latest research and theories on workforce development, utilising expertise in the HE sector.
- 2.2 The education system is expected by business to provide employable young people with the required functional skills into the working world. This should be a given, and this plan needs to persuade partners that this should be addressed as a priority. Provision of functional skills, however, needs to be delivered in an attractive way that is relevant to the working world and vocational programmes and composite programmes such as the new Diploma can provide this. The working world is constantly changing and the requirements of the workforce have to adapt. Flexibility and the capacity to re-skill will be increasingly essential. This also means that young people in schools and college need to develop flexible and transferable skills rather than being provided with 'job ready' training, except where such training provides

the necessary level of motivation to encourage them to stay in learning and avoid becoming NEET at 16+.

- 2.3 Employability is a key area of concern for employees. The perception of business is that schools and colleges are producing a stream of young adults that are either unsuitable for work or unwilling to work, and employers from every sector state that they have difficulty getting the staff.
- 2.4 The official Claimant Count unemployment rate supports this assertion, as the unemployment rate among young adults (under 25) is considerably higher than for other age groups, which supports the view that many recent young people are on a constant cycle of short stints in employment. The unemployment rate for young adults in Medway is also well above the national average.
- 2.5 Business Link Kent's annual business barometer found that 26% of Medway businesses were looking to improve management or leadership skills, and 18% of businesses said that they had 'difficulty recruiting staff'.
- 2.6 There is a lack of institutional connection between businesses and the education system (greater emphasised again by the fragmentation of the business demographic). This is a particular issue for Medway, where the (higher) education infrastructure did not previously exist to support education role played by the traditional industries.
- 2.7 In addition, Government policy in the 1980's removed the requirement of businesses to invest in its workforce, which compounded this disconnection. Recent government policy has shifted towards correcting market failure by investing in basic skills (National Employer Training Programme), but the expectation of responsibility for training has, to a large extent shifted from businesses to the education system. The Government has also established a number of new institutions to help develop the skills agenda – the Skills for Business Network (SSC's and the SSDA).
- 2.8 When surveyed, employers state a need for specialist skills. These requirements should be identified by providers where appropriate, and where specialisms cannot be catered for, contact should be made with national sector skills councils and provision arranged accordingly.
- 2.9 The CBI's position on training and education within SMEs is as follows:

"The Government must recognise that motivation to train comes from wner-managers recognising its business benefits. Informal learning methods can be more relevant, effective and cost-efficient and so should not be ignored. SMEs need help with diagnosing training needs, information about training that is on offer and the quality of that training (i.e. a Michelin Guide rather than a Yellow Pages), and

effective support through business networks. High quality, tailored and affordable training must also become the norm for all providers."¹

- 2.10 In their report, "Lifting the Barriers to Growth in UK Small Businesses", The Federation of Small Businesses highlights skills shortages among both current and potential staff. Between one quarter and one third of South East businesses reported training needs among current staff on:
 - Advanced IT skills
 - Managerial skills
 - Sales and marketing skill
 - Communication skills
 - Technical skills
 - Literacy skills
- 2.11 When recruiting new staff, the FSB reports: "The proportion of businesses reporting skill shortages when trying to recruit new staff is even higher. South East England businesses report their greatest difficulties are in accessing staff with literacy skills (46%), technical skills (44%), communication skills (42%) and numeracy skills (42%)."
- 2.12 Many skills deficits would, therefore, appear to be in the platform of "portable skills" described by Leitch that staff should bring with them to any job.
- 2.13 The FSB reports that most SMEs do undertake training, however it is usually informal and on-the-job in nature. This highlights a tension between the desire among both employers and learners for study to result in a recognised qualification while being able to offer training in a flexible and informal style.
- 2.14 The need for flexibility, coupled with the preference amongst employers for training to take place in the workplace (21%)² points towards the importance of APEL (Accreditation of Prior Experiential Learning) and Workbased Learning.
- 2.15 Other key issues identified by the FSB as important to the growth in training and education among SMEs are:
 - Funding (62%)
 - Wage Compensation (41%)
 - Better advice and guidance (25%)
 - Tailored Training (21%)
- 1

http://www.cbi.org.uk/ndbs/cbi_bss.nsf/8dee44d616d5b99280256c5b004f042a/80256c83005 76d6880256cad004c7635?OpenDocument

² Federation of Small Businesses Member Survey 2006

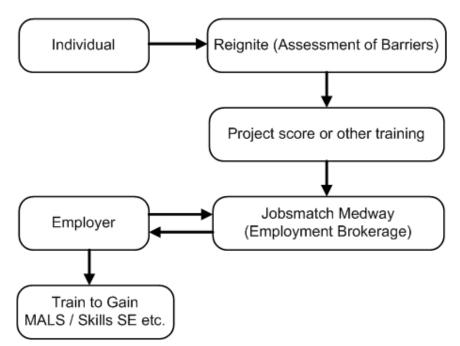
2.16 A clear message from the FSB is that financial support through either funding or wage compensation will be a major factor in encouraging better training take-up among SMEs.

3. Individual Need (Inclusion Agenda)

Lifelong Learning

- 3.1 This section will give reference to skills requirements of individuals from 'cradle to grave'. It will detail objectives that will enable no person to be left behind in efforts to ensure that all of Medway residents are able to fulfil their potential. The subsequent 'timeline' should give each individual clear routes of learning progression regardless of age, and stakeholders have existing 'grass-roots' programs and linkages to ensure access (see Section 5.4)
- 3.2 The learning and skills challenge is a critical issue for deprived local communities in Medway. While Medway's economic performance and skills deficit is well documented, there are certain wards and neighbourhoods where particular problems exist. The skills level of the local population is at the heart of this issue in wards such as, Chatham Central, Gillingham North and Twydall have very low skills levels in national terms. For example, 46% of all people of working age in Twydall do not have qualification.
- 3.3 Current national policy and research documents unanimously point towards the value of educational achievement in terms of greater social inclusion, a driver for economic development and health benefits across the community. There is also a strong body of evidence to suggest that the UK in general is lagging behind international competitors across the spectrum of skills.
- 3.4 The learning and skills challenge is a critical issue for deprived local communities in Medway. While Medway's economic performance and skills deficit is well documented, there are certain wards and neighbourhoods where particular problems exist. The skills level of the local population is at the heart of this issue in wards such as, Chatham Central, Gillingham North and Twydall have very low skills levels in national terms. For example, 46% of all people of working age in Twydall do not have qualification.
- 3.5 It is therefore imperative that priority actions arising from the Medway Skills Plan provide an opportunity for unskilled people to tap into a method of skills progression, leading to greater levels of personal prosperity and self-sufficiency.
- 3.6 The 2001 Census recorded nearly 10,000 economically inactive residents in Medway that would 'like to get a job'. A coherent multi-agency approach to increasing skills levels in disadvantaged

communities is critical a action in assisting those economically inactive. Medway has an established programme of community projects specifically aimed at bringing NEETs back into training and employment. SCORE, REIGNITE and JOBSMATCH have SEEDA funding until March 2008. There is a question mark over if these projects, currently delivering training and placement for nearly 1,000 clients, will be able to continue.



4. Training and Education Providers

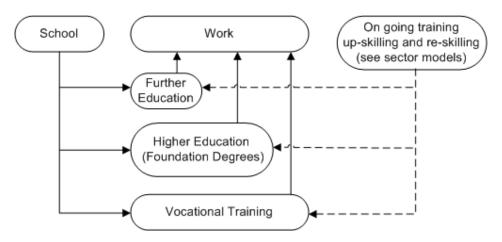
4.1 School provision in Medway at 14-19 comprises 19 secondary schools (16 of which are 11-18, two are 11-17 and one is 11-16) and three special schools with secondary provision. There are two Pupil Referral Units with Key Stage 4 pupils, The Will Adams Centre, located in Gillingham and the Assessment and Tuition Service located in Walderslade. Of the 19 mainstream secondary schools, six are selective, 10 are non-selective and 3 are wide ability. Nine of the 19 schools are single sex (4 boys, 5 girls) and 10 are co-educational.

4.2 14-19 and Schools agenda

- 4.21 The Medway Children and Young People's Plan 2006-09 identifies 'Improving the employability of our young people' as one of 6 key priorities. This takes forward the Government's *Every Child Matters* agenda, and includes Medway Local Education Authority's 14-19 Strategy.
- 4.22 A key priority of Children's Services in Medway is to reduce the percentage of Young People 'Not in Employment, Education or

Training' (NEET) through early intervention to re-engage disaffected pupils and support for young people who are, or are at risk of becoming NEET. The development of employability skills for these young people is essential to this aim.

- 4.23 Working in close collaboration with schools, Mid Kent College and work based learning providers, Medway Council, the Learning and Skills Council (Kent and Medway) and Connexions have identified a number of strategic priorities, which have captured within three guiding principles of the 14-19 Strategy to which all partners are firmly committed:
 - **Participation** increasing the proportion of 14-19 year-olds engaged in education or training
 - **Performance** improving the standards achieved by 14-19 yearolds in Medway
 - **Progression** ensuring that each young person moves on to the employment, training or higher education that is most appropriate for them at the end of the 14-19 phase (thereby contributing to Government and Local Authority targets)



- 4.24 The aims of the 14-19 Strategy are to ensure that all young people in Medway:
 - Are ambitious, well-motivated and effective learners
 - Participate in programmes that meet their needs and aspirations for the 14-19 age range, and beyond
 - Gain the skills, knowledge and attitudes required for lifelong learning and to prepare them for future employment
- 4.25 The further aims of the 14-19 Strategy are that all providers of education and training in Medway:
 - Work together to provide effective and flexible learning pathways and improve the three principles above by impartial information, advice and guidance.

- Aspire to excellence and pursue self-improvement relentlessly
- Provide support for disadvantaged students who need it
- Understand and fulfil their part in economic and social regeneration
- 4.26 The 14-19 Strategy is being delivered by a range of providers and direction is provided by the 14-19 Strategic Forum comprising a wide range of key stakeholders.

4.3 <u>FE and HE Sectors</u>

- 4.31 There are now 4 Higher Education Institutions in Medway:
 - Canterbury Christchurch University College (Chatham)
 - University College for the Creative Arts (Rochester)
 - University of Greenwich at Medway
 - University of Kent at Medway
- 4.32 It is clear that there is a growing need to provide HE level education in a more flexible and responsive fashion. Key to this is the ability of Universities to adapt quickly and appropriately to the needs of local business. As noted by Leitch, "[HE] provision should be based on new types of programme offering specific, job-related skills such as Foundation degrees."³ A particular barrier to offering this provision is the ability and willingness of Universities to develop and ratify programmes of education along the timescales required by business. HEIs need to respond within months, not years, to the changing needs of the current business environment.
- 4.33 The Centre for Work and Learning (CWAL), is a Universities at Medway initiative that includes HEFCE Pathfinder funding to support the development of HE Level work-based learning for the Thames Gateway area.
- 4.34 Working in collaboration with all the major learning providers in the Thames Gateway, the scope of CWAL activities includes:
 - Development of Flexible QA models and accreditation services
 - Increasing study opportunities for those in paid and unpaid employment
 - Enhance links with employers, professional bodies and employerrelated organisations
 - Work in partnership with academic and related staff to enhance Universities' strategic plans
 - Enhanced Information, Advice and Guidance Services
 - Establishing a regional Centre of Excellence in APEL and Workbased Learning

³ Leitch Review p77

- 4.35 CWAL is currently undertaking work in developing the provision of training to address many of the needs identified by research such as that carried out by Leitch and the Federation of Small Businesses. CWAL is currently engaged in the development of two programmes of learning: BA/BSC Learning Through Work and a Graduate Diploma in Enterprise Development. The aim of these programmes is to offer training and education on key business skills such as Leadership, Teamworking, Project Management and Communication.
- 4.36 This project is innovative for a number of reasons, but at its heart is the aim of providing tailored provision drawn directly from research into employer requirements in a flexible and responsive fashion.
- 4.37 Since HEIs award/accredit their own qualifications, "to influence content, employers and their SSCs have to develop direct relationships with universities."⁴ The recently established Kent and Medway Lifelong Learning Network headquartered at Greenwich University in Chatham, coupled with AimHigher are working to foster strong and collaborative partnerships with local employers to further focus the efforts both at HE and FE level. Kent and Medway Lifelong Learning Network has goals to:
 - Develop a Credit Framework across all Kent HEIs
 - Implement a Progression Framework to facilitate movement of students from Vocational Training into Higher Education
 - Establish a single-point-of-contact for impartial Information on education opportunities
 - Create flexible, modular and work-orientated Lifelong Learning Awards offered collaboratively by multiple institutions
- 4.38 Mid-Kent College of Higher and Further Education (MKC) is a large general FE college with two sites in Medway at City Way and Horsted⁵. It also operates in the nearby town of Maidstone. The curriculum offer at Maidstone and Medway is similar and Medway residents do not need to travel extensively to Maidstone to study other than for Motor Vehicle Engineering. The Electrical Installation Department, which operates at City Way and Maidstone, has achieved "Centre of Vocational Excellence" (COVE) status. The college has seen an overall increase in 16-18 learner numbers since 2000/01.

Further Education Colleges (FECs) continue to develop their offering, notably Foundation Degrees in partnership with the University of Kent. For example, Mid Kent College currently offers Foundation Degrees in the following:

- Business and Management
- Civil Engineering
- Construction

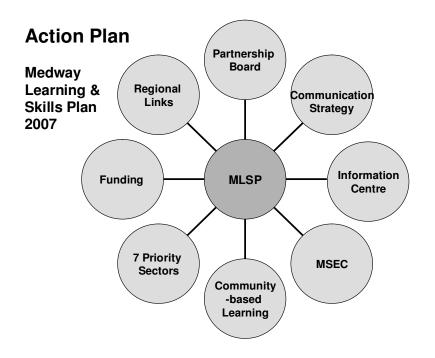
⁴ Leitch Review p80

⁵ MKC is relocating to the Lower Lines in Gillingham. The new campus will open in September 2009.

- Digital and Microelectronic Engineering
- Information Technology
- Tourism Management
- 4.39 There are some barriers to improving the flexibility of the offering that are more acutely felt within FE, particularly the structure of funding from the Learning and Skills council. Full-time students attract 10 times the funding of a part-time student.
- 4.4 Other providers
- 4.41 Four locally contracted work based learning providers have sites in Medway, in addition to the work based learning offer made by Mid-Kent College. They account for about half of trainees resident in Medway. Nationally contracted and Kent work-based learning providers account for the balance.
- 4.42 Medway Adult Learning Service (MALS) recruits some 16-19 year olds, mainly for ESOL and basic skills provision.

Draft Action Plan & Implementation Strategy

MLSP Action Plan 2007 – a co-ordinated concept for action on the development of learning and skills in Medway



Part 1: Strategic Directions for Delivery of MLSP

ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description
1. Establish MLSP	- Agree membership & hold first meeting	- By December 2007	The MLSP Board will guide the delivery of the
Partnership (Employment & Skills)	- Agree MLSP and Implementation Strategy	- By March 2008	Plan by keeping alive the concept of the Plan as living document and fulcrum for change
Board – Representatives from Employers, Training Providers, Funding Agencies & Business	- Agree programme of meetings for MLSP Board	- By December 2007	and debate; maintaining the emphasis in the Plan on an organic comprehensive, innovative and coherent framework for learning and skills development and by ensuring that the critical issues for Medway are addressed
Support Organisations	- Agree role in monitoring and evaluation	- By March 2008	•Skills deficits
		by march 2000	 Skills shortages among employers
			 Multiplicity of engagement and delivery
			 Low level of progression opportunities
2. Communications &	-Setting up of an MLSP Partnership Board	- Active by December 2007	The Communications and Awareness Strategy
Awareness strategy	 Brand development and logo for Medway Learning and Skills Partnership 	- Ready by January 2008	co-ordinates and takes the Plan forward through a multi-layered approach to access to information targeting three audiences -
	- Image/ brand strategy	- Ready by January 2008	employers, learners and training providers -
	 Development of an MLSP Information Centre web-based 	- Active by July 2008	across the range of skills and training development provision at all levels.
	 Establishment of Stakeholder Networks for the 7 Priority Sectors 	- Completed for all sectors by December 2007	
	- Establishment of 7 recognisable highly	 On-going – different rates 	
	visible 'hubs' responding to the specific characteristics of each of the Priority Sectors	for different sectors	
	 Walk-in Centres at universities, colleges, private sector providers Job-Centre Plus, SME one stop shops 	- On-going	

Part 1: Strategic Directions for Delivery of MLSP

ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description
3. MLSP Information Centre	 Access funding sources and agree delivery arrangements for the development of a common web-portal providing a coordinated information service to Provide an on-line communications conduit for existing training provision updated by 	- By December 2008 - By July 2008	The MLSP Information Centre is designed as a virtual information centre (reinforced by walk-in centres provided by training providers – colleges, universities and private sector trainers). Its purpose is to co-ordinate information on available skills training and
	 partners on a quarterly basis through a service level agreement Provide access for employers to bespoke workforce development opportunities 	- By September 2008	development opportunities for two target audiences – businesses and learners. In addition it will enable training providers to check that they are not duplicating provision.
	 Provide access to information on priority sector development hubs – programmes, job opportunities, career progression routes Provide access to information on social and economic inclusion programmes Provide access to information on IAG 	- By July 2008 - By July 2008 - By October 2008	Although the primary purpose of the virtual centre is to provide access to provision rather than funding for skills and training per se, the second stage development phase of the web- based information centre would be the provision of information on access to funding for both learners and businesses including tax
	 Provide an electronic newsletter (linked to web-portal), and regular (possible) newspaper supplement Provide access to information on the Medway Skills for Employment College (MSEC) 	- By December 2008 - By December 2008	for both learners and businesses including tax incentives and grant schemes.

Draft Action Plan & Implementation Strategy						
Part 1: Strategic Direct	Part 1: Strategic Directions for Delivery of MLSP					
ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description			
4. Medway Skills for Employment College – virtual, multi-mode delivery across Medway	- Develop Skills for Employment programmes that meet the needs of Medway learners and Medway businesses in conjunction with training providers including		The virtual MSEC will complement the MLSP Information Centre with a development function It will work with existing training providers, HEIs and Colleges and networks –			
	Work ready programmes		CWAL, LLN - to address generic skills issues across all sectors at different levels of entry			
	Management and leadership		into employment; on-going progression and			
	Team building and communications		skills transfer linked to a change in career path and re-skilling/ and or changing skills			
	Enterprise skills and development		demands.			
	- Develop and promote flexible learning frameworks including e-learning especially eBusiness skills for SMEs & ICT skills		The MESC is consistent with the Medway 14-19 learner entitlement and supports the			
	- Development and promote non standard progression routes including AP(E)L (with CWAL)		aims, objectives and delivery of Medway's 14-19 Strategy alongside 14-19 Diploma, lifelong learning and community-based			
	- Establish accreditation procedures for short courses (with LNN)		initiatives.			
	 Provide links to employment brokerage services and IAG for those seeking a change of career path 					

Draft Action Plan & Implementation Strategy Part 1: Strategic Directions for Delivery of MLSP				
ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description	
5. Community-based Learning	 Review and evaluate current social and economic inclusion programmes to determine the effectiveness of each in the Medway context – currently SCORE/ REIGNITE/ Jobsmatch/ Prime Advantage Provide Skills & Employment Gateways - access to employment and training influencing the development and ensure the continuation of public sector funding post April 2008 Provide brokerage services – IAG and ensure the continuation of public sector funding post April 2008 Provide a range of vocationally based initiatives to re-motivate young people aged 14-16 and encourage progression at 16+ to education, employment or training. 	- By December 2007 - On-going - On- going	The development of a framework of community-based initiatives that enable those not in employment, education or training (NEET) to access the relevant support, and begin progression into training and/or employment Medway social and economic inclusion initiatives have direct links to Medway Skills for Employment College (MSEC) and feed into the development of the 7 Priority Sectors Vocationally based initiatives to re- motivate young people aged 14-16 and encourage progression are constantly being developed as part of the Key Stage 4 Engagement Programme – a key NEETs prevention initiative.	

Part 2: Priority Sector	Part 2: Priority Sector Learning and Skills Development for Economic Growth & Economic Inclusion in Medway				
ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description		
6. Priority Sectors - each with its own information/ training/ employer liaison/ R&D hub (virtual or physical)	th its own tion/ training/ er liaison/ R&D tual or physical)skills and training development hubs for each of the 7 Priority Sectors - Explore the potential and costs associated with expansion of Medway College of Social Care model to cover Health, and using a parallel model to develop Retail, Leisure and- By November 2007		The focus on priority sector development matches sector-related skills and training development with Medway's predicted areas of economic growth. The model for each of the information, training and R&D hubs -virtual or physical - will increase the visibility and status of each sector and up-skill the workforce at all levels.		
	Tourism Explore the potential of developing One Stop SME Innovation & Training Centres - Manufacturing & Engineering (Business Partnership & multi-site) and Cultural & Creative Industries (UCCA)	- By November 2007	By building on existing successful models and initiatives and transferring these across sectors (where appropriate) Medway will benefit from 'a learning exchange' environment amongst training providers.		
	- Evaluate and continue to develop existing initiatives such as North Kent Construction Skills (NoKCS) Project in Medway with an established employer network and work force development as a central focus	- By November 2007	Similarly the transferability of models of good practice in employer engagement across sectors will add to the coherence and strength of delivery of the MLSP		
	 Explore links between public/ private sector training providers and businesses to develop stakeholders networks for each of the 7 Priority Sectors 	- By November 2007			
6a. Medway College of Social Care (virtual) &	 Review, evaluate and develop existing model of Medway College of Social Care 	- On-going	This sector will build upon Medway College of social Care framework established in MC		
Development of a <i>Care</i> Sector Training Company	- Expand the Medway College of Social Care to cover Health through a new development initiative – the <i>Care Sector Training Company</i>	- On-going	Community Services, linking to hospital, local business and training facilities in Medway's HEIs and the Aim Higher healthcare strand.		
	- Support access the establishment of a <i>Care</i> <i>Sector Training Company (Consortium)</i> designed to enable collaboration and joint working led by a significant training provider whose own 'branding' could elevate the status of health & social care and 'add-value' to the training and other development opportunities provided for the health & social care workforce.	- Set up agreed by December 2007	The sector will work with the LDP for Society, Health and Development.		

Part 2: Priority Sector Learning and Skills Development for Economic Growth & Economic Inclusion in Medway				
ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description	
6b. Medway SME Manufacturing and Engineering Centre (physical)	- Explore options of developing the Medway Manufacturing and Engineering Centre (physical) with both private and public sector funding. Either at one location - a single satellite to the Medway Innovation Centre; or a dispersed model based at a maximum of 3 locations each with a different specialist focus including one on Medway City Estate		Activity to develop this sector has been affected by changes at BLK. Medway HEIs/ FEIs are very keen to engage local businesses in this sector, and MC. BLK and TGKP are in the process of pulling together a stakeholder meeting to agree a way forward. Links to incubation programmes and student retention.	
6c. Construction Partnership Project – North Kent Construction Skills	Continue to develop construction skills in Medway through the sub-regional GKA construction partnership initiative - the North Kent Construction Skills (NoKCS) Project - with its established employer network and work force development as a central focus NOKCS to bring together training providers, manufacturers and employers to devise curricula that reflect the need to instruct trainees in modern methods. NOKCS to liaise with Jobsmatch Medway and	- On-going - On-going	Construction is identified as a key sector in the Medway Regeneration Framework. It is the most advanced sector in terms of resources committed, relationship with industry, and public sector influence. It is for this reason that the LA accords high priority to the development of the Diploma in Construction and the Built Environment with a view to a 2009 start in Medway.	
	Skills Gateway – Focus to Work to profile an individual's skills and draw up a training journey that would result in being able to work.	- On-going		
	Training agreements for construction projects. Medway to participate in negotiating the specific profile of the agreement with the main contractor(s) and the supply chain; broker the agreements with relevant training providers and other appropriate stakeholders including MEBP and Jobsmatch Medway.	- Set up in progress		

Part 2: Priority Sector Learning and Skills Development for Economic Growth & Economic Inclusion in Medway				
ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description	
6d. Creative & Cultural Industries SME Vocational Centre (physical)	Promote CCI Sector partnership skills development initiatives by fostering linkages with UCCA, the Medway Creative Business Initiative (MCBI), Medway Enterprise Gateway (MEG), and the Vocation Diploma line development group.	- On-going		
	Explore ways of supporting the transfer of skills between CCIs and other economic sectors.	- Start in 2008		
	Establish opportunities to link CCI skills agenda with self-employment options for NEETs.			
	Support the development of a CCI SME/ Vocational Centre			
	Support work in schools in partnership with Creative Partnerships.			
6e. Retail/Leisure & Tourism College (virtual)	- Look at the potential (and associated funding requirements) for setting up a Retail/ Leisure and Tourism College (virtual) following the concept of the Medway College of Social Care	- By December 2007		
	- Foster employer engagement through the Medway Tourism Alliance (group of local tourism businesses)	- On-going		
	- Explore opportunities to relaunch the successful Ambassador schemes in retail, leisure and tourism.	- During 2008		
	- Examine the potential of Interreg funding to support development training and skills development in preparation for the Olympics 2012	- During 2008		
	- support the establishment of a CoVE in retail and leisure (SSC to approve qualification)	- During 2008		

Part 2: Priority Sector Learning and Skills Development for Economic Growth & Economic Inclusion in Medway				
ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description	
6f. Finance & Business Services Training Network	Create a stakeholder network for the FBS sector – including private sector businesses and training providers alongside public sector trainers and the Institute of Financial Services	- During 2007-2008	Partner access to this sector isn't well developed yet.	
	Identify and promote progression opportunities for those in the FBS sector to enter management and/or professional roles.	- During 2008		
	Examine and support the development of IAG provision and careers advice for the FBS sector.	- During 2008		
	Explore the role of MC in bringing together private/ public sector training providers to develop a core programme of training for Call Centre staff and other sector-specific short- course provision.	- By December 2007		
	Develop and encourage business and enterprise learning in schools.			
6g. Public Administration & Education				

Part 3: Funding and	Part 3: Funding and Regional Links			
ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description	
7. Funding support for MLSP	 Public/ private sector support for MLSP Project Team –Manager (overall responsibility for the development and delivery of the MLSP negotiating support – funding agencies, employers, training providers, learners & regional links); Administrator (responsibility for the running of the Partnership Board, local agency & local employer links), MLSP Information Centre Officer (including responsibility for promotional activities & web design & delivery),Medway Skills for Employment College (MSEC) learning officer (responsibility for establishing access, accreditation & core programmes for flexible delivery - virtual and on-site) 		Engagement with LSC will be key as principal funder of training activity. Link to 'Train to Gain' project will be key for sector skills work	
	- MLS Brand development			
	- MLS Web-site			
	 MSEC development & flexible delivery of 'core skills' programme (virtual & on- site) - Work Ready Programmes, Management and leadership, Team building and Communications, Enterprise skills and ICT 			
	 Flexible progression routes (Accreditation of short course provision & AP(E)L) 			
	 Community-based learning schemes – currently – SCORE, REIGNITE, Prime Advantage 			
	 Employment Gateways - Employment brokerage and IAG 			

Part 3: Funding	Part 3: Funding and Regional Links				
ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description		
	- Medway College of Social Care (virtual) & Development of a <i>Care</i> Sector Training Company				
	 Medway SME Manufacturing and Engineering Centre (physical) – capital & revenue 				
	 Construction Partnership Project – North Kent Construction Skills (Medway) 				
	- CCI SME Vocational Centre				
	 Retail/Leisure & Tourism College (virtual) 				
	 Finance & Business Services Training Network 				
	- 14-19 Diploma development				
	- Developing business and enterprise education in schools				
	- Key Stage 4 Engagement Programme				
	- Medway Technology and Innovation Centre				

Part 3: Funding and I	Part 3: Funding and Regional Links					
ACTIONS	Outcomes	Progress	Description			
Regional Links	 Maintain and develop active regional links to maximise the development potential and impact of the MLSP both within Medway and the wider region of Kent and the North Kent Sub-region - TGK. Also, as the MLSP within Medway rolls out, ensure there is an avoidance of duplication. Close links will be maintained with the following LSC TGK Skills for Business Network SSCs SSDA SEEDA Universities at Medway KCC 		The success of the MLSP can only be achieved and measured not only in the context of the regeneration of Medway but also the TGK and Kent as a whole. The forthcoming LAA 2008 will encourage multi-area agreements and the MLSP is prepared with this in mind.			

Construction – Medway Learning & Skills Plan Sector Template (DRAFT)				
Theme	Background	Progress	Future needs/comments	
Economic Development	Construction is identified as a key sector in the Medway Regeneration Framework. With over £1bn of investment in construction forecast to take place by 2016, it is anticipated that there will be a requirement for an extra 500 skilled workers per year over this period.	 NoKCS proactive in providing skills programmes linking schools and employers to training providers offering both vocational as well as technical and professional programmes. Key partners: Amicus Horizon, Kent Works Kent Architecture Centre, Schools. MEBP, MHS Homes, Skillsgateway, Mid Kent College, Denne Construction, North West Kent College, 14-19 co-ordinators, Medway Renaissance partnership 	 Based on National Skills Academy model, NoKCS to broker training agreements between contractors and training providers thus maximising skills development in Medway. Stakeholder group identified to maximise schools involvement. Utilise existing steering group but have specific medway focus. 	
Businesses	Over 50% of businesses cite skills shortages. These shortages are across the board, with the most shortages in 'white collar' operations. Employers are concerned about the quality of trainees provided through the colleges.	 NoKCS launches 'House of Pledges' at Construction Expo 07. NoKCS produces 'Working together – building futures' employer engagement film. First Construction Expo in Kent hosted by NoKCS features 'meet the buyer' including public sector procurement, skills development, recruitment and sustainable construction. Key partners: BLK, Construction Skills, Construction Excellence, FE colleges, private training providers, Developers, contractors, employers related to the industry supply chain, voluntary training sector, 	practice.	
Individuals	Construction presents a huge and potentially lucrative employment opportunity. Census figures state that 10,000 economically inactive people in Medway 'would like to get a job', which is certainly possible in the construction sector for appropriately skilled individuals.	• NoKCS produces Skills Matching journey incorporating skills profiling, basic skills assessment, CSCS training and testing, taster course and signposting to mainstream NVQ programmes and OSAT.	 Jobsmatch continues to refer potential employees through the NoKCS <i>Skills</i> <i>Matching</i> process thus up-skilling, qualifying and jobs matching simultaneously. Skills Matching candidates captured ont the training and recruitment meganexus 	

Construction Sector			<u></u>
	Existing workforce both ageing and largely		employer engagement CRM package.
	unqualified – barely 50% not qualified to NVQ level 2 or above.	Key Partners: Skillsgateway, Island partnership, Jobsmatch, Skillsgain. Job Centre +,	• Annual Expo would feature a learning zone specifically for schoolchildren to acquaint themselves with the industry.
			 Encourage take-up of A1 awards to existing NVQ candidates.
Learning Providers	Construction skills are principally provided by the MKC and by MHS Construction Skills Gateway. Each Medway schools	• Incorporating existing providers with schools programmes such as <i>Raise the Roof</i> and <i>Gifted and Able</i> .	NoKCS links training providers and major developers to determine demand and supply.
	consortium will have to provide access to the National Vocational Diploma in Construction from September 2009.	 NoKCS bringing together training providers, manufacturers and employers to devise curricula that reflect the need to instruct trainees in modern methods. Key partners: 14-19 co-ordinator, Developers and Contractors, local school representatives, NoKCS 	trainee is taught off-site and the skills he or she needs on-site. Need to integrate more traditional crafts with MMC on new developments. Adding bolt on units to
Thames Gateway Priorities	Current provision	Actions	Future needs/comments
Basic skills and lower level qualifications	Courses from level 1-3 (see spreadsheet) including City & Guilds, BTEC, NVQs available at Mid Kent College. MHS Skills Gateway provide BTEC Foundation and Building and Construction Operatives.	 Construction work experience project to bring together training provision in the FE colleges (under 19s) with practical work experience and on-site education with 'Programme led apprenticeship' construction companies active in Medway. qualification and upskilling of existing workforce. 	• To consider a Medway <i>'apprenticeship</i> school to link with local employers, providers and local training and recruitment initiative.
		 Shared Apprenticeships - NoKCS is beginning to facilitate a network of employers who collectively would provide the full range of necessary experience between them (the <i>Carillion Model</i>). Key partners: Mid Kent college, Contractors, 	

Construction Sector			
Intermediate and higher level qualifications	MKC provides HNC, ICA, FCA and ACA courses. Foundation degrees and bachelor degrees in construction and civil engineering from UKC and UoG.	 Potential to market courses to businesses/individuals working in other sectors (i.e. design courses for construction). NoKCS has negotiated placements for existing students on new developments. 	 NoKCS to promote higher level qualification placements through training agreements captured onto meganexus database.
Recruitment, labour market information, advice and brokerage	Meganexus database (June 2007) will improve information, and the recruitment process (linked to Jobsmatch). MHS Skills Gateway, with its close links to the industry is beginning to receive referrals from Jobsmatch/SCORE/REIGNITE (community initiatives).	 Labour market information gained (through development negotiations) to be fed into the Meganexus CMS. NoKCS to liaise with Jobsmatch Medway and Skills Gateway – Focus to Work to profile an individual's skills and draw up a training journey that would result in being able to work. 	• Annual Expo supported by biannual newsletter, <i>Working together, Building futures</i> , which would feature case studies, celebrate leading employers and champion good practice.
Demographics and older workers	Links to Prime Advantage?		As business sizes are very small, barriers to work for older workers aren't necessarily an issue.
Progression pathways and collaboration	Need to develop a clear plan along the following lines: - LEA – feeding pupils with appropriate skills attitudes to industry - FE (MHS) – training young people on a part time basis (giving them technical skills to go with the practical skills they learn on the job) - Progression – employees return into learning as they progress - Community projects – feed in unemployed/economically inactive into process as appropriate		Strengthen links between school provision, vocational learning and flexible courses at HEI/FEIs
Partnership and development	Medway Economic Development Unit in partnership with other interested parties established the North Kent Construction Skills (NoKCS) project to coordinate activity to improve the skills levels of local people in (or wanting employment in) the	• Every development above a certain size (whether publicly or privately owned) to have a training agreement attached to it. NoKCS to negotiate the specific profile of the agreement with the main contractor(s) and the supply chain including local	Continue to support NoKCS in expanding the number and range of training agreements as development takes place in Medway/Thames Gateway.

	construction sector locally, to build an effective network for the industry and to promote construction as an attractive career path.	 employment opportunities. NoKCS would then broker the agreements with relevant training providers and other appropriate stakeholders including MEBP and Jobsmatch Medway. NoKCS to track progress and delivery of the agreements utilising the Meganexus system. 	
ICT		• ICT opportunities lie in all proposed leaning centres on all mayor sties. This could include electronic whiteboards to link to PCs and a web cam system that will enable virtual site tours for schools and colleges.	ICT to play a greater role in construction project delivery? WEB cam would open up site visits for many school children where health and safety is an issue or where geography and logistics get in the way! This would open up all sorts of new and exciting learning opportunities.

NoKCS, GGC, 9 September 07

Cultural and Creative	Cultural and Creatives Industries (CCIs) – Medway Learning & Skills Plan Sector Template (DRAFT)				
Theme	Background	Progress	Future needs/comments		
Economic Development	CCIs are an identified priority sector in Medway. CCIs are a national and international growth industry (growing at twice the rate of the whole economy). Medway is also a large urban conurbation with potential for critical mass of creative and leisure activity (potential is increased by relatively low rents in SE terms). CCIs are forecast to be increasingly important for the UK economy.	MC has undertaken 2 surveys of Medway CCIs. There are 3 CCI support programmes underway (Medway Creative Business Initiative, Medway Enterprise Gateway and Medway Arts Service). MCBI has established a fashion workshop with support from MC, SEEDA and European project funding.	Tremendous potential in supporting transfer of skills between CCIs and other economic sectors.		
Businesses	There are an estimated 800 CCI businesses in Medway, with identified small clusters in visual and applied art, music and fashion sub-sectors. MCBI and MEG provide network hubs, and MCBI runs a successful networking evening.	MCBI, MEG and MC Arts service all run CPD programmes. MCBI and MEG also offer business training, support and advice to businesses. ACE SE are also seeking to support CPD in CCIs.			
Individuals	Almost all Medway CCIs are single practitioners, which makes the approach to skills development in the sector unique as the skills support to businesses and individuals will be almost identical.		Opportunity to link CCI skills agenda with self-employment options for NEETs.		
Learning Providers	UCCA, MKC and MALS. Creative Arts and Media courses being taught in schools and subject of Specialist Vocational Diploma line bid (announcement at end of March)				
Thames Gateway Priorities	Current provision	Actions	Future needs/comments		
Basic skills and lower level qualifications	UCCA, MKC and MALS. Creative Arts and Media courses being taught in schools and subject of Specialist Vocational Diploma line bid (announcement at end of March).	Creative Medway CIC is coordinating continual professional development for Medway Creative practitioners.	Further develop cross-sector links between cultural organisations, business and education Market-test provision and modes of delivery in entrepreneurial and business skills for the cultural sector Offer innovative and flexible curricula to target groups Offer additional bridging course/CPD provision at both undergraduate and post graduate levels Develop and evaluate the effectiveness of		

			bridging courses, cross-curriculum and inter- institutional provision
Intermediate and higher level qualifications	UCCA, UKM and MKC provide a growing range of courses.	LLN's Medway Creative Business Project will focus on progression into post-graduate study for target groups	
Recruitment, labour market information, advice and brokerage	Potential link to London opportunities. MCBI and MEG can provide advice and brokerage.		
Demographics and older workers	The age profile of this sector is relatively young, although the barriers to entry to the sector (which is generally populated by single practitioners) are low.		As business sizes are very small, barriers to work for older workers aren't necessarily an issue.
Progression pathways and collaboration	The Kent and Medway Lifelong Learning Network's Medway Creative Business Project	This project seeks to inject "Creativity into Business" and "Business Skills into Creative Enterprises" through the development and piloting of new and innovative learning opportunities and progression routes for learners on vocational pathways and adult and work- based learners in Medway	
Partnership and development	There is strong collaboration between the learning institutions and local stakeholders in this sector.		

Action Theme 1	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Action Theme 1 Action Background Economic development Employment in this sector is forecast to grow by 6% in the SE region by 2014 and it represents a significant sector within the economic landscape of Medway. It is anticipated that the regeneration programme will make Medway more attractive to inward investment projects in the FBS sector. Employment land study will highlight the need to create more prestigious and suitable office accommodation. Over £4bn of private sector investment in construction will create a market for business (legal, property, accountancy, HR, consultancy) services.		The learning and skills plan once completed will need to be managed across all sectors. The formation of a stakeholder group drawn from education providers, employers, professional bodies and other representative groups is vital to successful engagement with businesses in this sector. Co-ordinate with other regions in N Kent & establish leadership role for Medway, working across all sectors in the Kent Thames Gateway Key Partners GKA, SEEDA, CLG, Locate in Kent, LDA, ODA, Employers, Kent and Medway Lifelong Learning Network, FECs and HEIs, Chamber of Commerce, Federation of Small Business, Institute of Financial Services	 FBS Learning and Skills Manager/Co-ordinator to oversee implementation of Medway Learning and Skills <u>Plan and to liaise with key partners at local and regional</u> <u>level.</u> Salary ~ £38,000?
Action Theme 2	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Businesses The nature of businesses in this sector multi-nationals through to small indepe businesses and activities is not served conduit for information, advice and guid development. Training needs of large employers are addressed than those of smaller organi Skills associated with this sector such a management and leadership, finance a practice, administration are skills that a sectors of industry.	ndents. This diversity of by a single point of contact or lance on economic and skills far better understood and sations. as customer service, ind accounting, personnel	An employer engagement strategy for this sector to be developed, ensuring engagement and participation from key partners and other parts of Medway Council. Business engagement should be sensitive and light of touch, maximising the opportunity for feedback and participation while minimising the burden of time spent at meetings and reporting. Develop existing provision in a "joined up" fashion, ensuring that existing skills and support brokerage services establish clear links with the sector. Key Partners Prime Advantage, T2G Brokerage, BLK, MEBP, NSAM, MAS, Chamber of Commerce, Employ North Kent, HEIs, FECs, Kent and Medway Lifelong Learning Network,	2.Develop and support brokerage systems See Theme 1. Co-ordination of existing database Link to all areas of learning and skills plan £3000? 3.Support for employers forum, operational management, stakeholders work to common agenda of learning and skills plan £3500?
Action Theme 3	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs

Learning providers	Develop provision within HE and FE to respond more rapidly to the needs of	All Providers buy into the Medway learning and skills plan
Learning providers are keen to engage with businesses and government	business. Promote support at an organisational level within institutions and	working for a common goal
policy/funding is a key driver for publicly funded education providers to	businesses for collaborative working.	
respond to the needs of business.		4.Develop new courses to promote innovation
	Facilitate the delivery of in-house training that dovetails with existing provision or	
Funding mechanisms militate against meeting the requirements of	can	Establish Medway employment skills forum and engage with
businesses to deliver short, flexible, often tailored courses, CPD, work-		providers to establish fast-track responses to employer
based learning in ways that address skills needs.	Accredit new provision quickly and responsively. This is more challenging at	needs.
	levels 1-3 as national awarding bodies are slower to respond. Research options	
	via the Open College Network (OCN).	Sector Learning/Business Liaison Officer ~£28,000
	Establish programme of events to raise awareness among tutors and	Awareness programme
	Careers/Advice and Guidance Practitioners on business liaison routes and	£5000
	protocols for Medway.	
	Key Partners	
	KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, QIA, MALS,	
	Employers, CWAL, OCN, Kent and Medway Lifelong Learning Network	

Finance and Business Services Sector Last Updated: 28 September 2007

Action Theme 4	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Individuals Employability and generic skills are a key issue for this sector as employers are more willing to provide in-house and on the job training for sector-specific knowledge. Generic skills would include: • • IT • Customer Service – face to face, telephone etc • Basic Administrative and organisational skills • Team working • Leadership and Management • Basic Finanance and Accounting for business Information, advice and guidance for individuals is also scant in the area and very little in the way of free advice for individuals exists.		 Deliver full level 2 generic skills instead of specific work related training (across all areas of the learning & skills plan). Flexible FE/HE provision, offering what the learner wants, when they want it Raise the profile of companies locally and the opportunities available within industry for individuals. Develop unique innovation programme to enable individuals. Promote Women into engineering. CWAL has identified a potential partner for Women in Leadership programme. Establish information, advice and guidance service in collaboration with KMLLN Key Partners CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM. 	Scope existing provision and establish programme of delivery of subsidised courses on generic business/employability skills programme across all sectors. £? Information Advice and Guidance service in collaboration with KMLLN £?
Action Theme 5	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
SMEs SMEs are a large employer in this sector and en due to the time commitments necessary for little Indications are that SMEs require short, highly fl SMEs are not attracted to recognised qualification SMEs above all others struggle to stay up to date technical developments due to non-existent train Return on investment for SMEs must be very clear	gagement with them is very problematic perceived return. exible, inexpensive training modules. ons in general, however their staff are. e on changing legislation, innovations and ing budgets.	 Employer engagement; There is a major need for a joined up one point contact approach to engaging SME's Database to provide information on employers and their training needs. Focal point for SME's to engage with through employers Forum. Develop new courses to promote innovation. Key Partners T2G Broker, BLK, MEBP, NSAM, MAS, Chamber of Commerce, Employ North Kent, Federation of Small Businesses 	See Theme 2
Action Theme 6	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs

APEL Adding value to short courses/mapping to qualifications. CWAL and KMLLN have initiated work on APEL and this should be incorporated into activities arising from the skills plan.			ncorporated into	Establish how APEL can be used against differing types of award eg FE and HE and establish links with KMLLN, SWAL and learning providers to create uniform APEL provision. Costs of APEL to be established. Lack of clarity on how APEL articulates with LSC funded awards such as BTEC ND. Key Partners CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, OCN, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM.	Map APEL provision in collaboration with KMLLN and CWAL. £2,000 Establish pilot project co-funded by employer to bring APEL into the workplace for both FE and HE level programmes. ~£10,000
Action Theme 7		Action Backg	round	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Apprenticeships The following apprentic	eships are available in		Advanced	Apprenticeships lag behind other awards in this sector in terms of popularity, take up and awareness. A strategy regarding Apprenticeships should be developed by the	Retail and Business Academy – feasibility study into establishing a Retail and Business Academy in Medway to respond to the volume of employment and businesses within these sectors, coupled with
Work Area	Provider	Apprenticeship	Advanced Apprenticeship	stakeholder group.	the clear links between Retail, Management and
Accounting	Mid Kent College	Yes	Yes		Retail Banking that already exist.
Business Administration	IPS Intl Ltd	Yes	Yes	Awareness raising among employers and engagement with schools to provide placements for students undertaking 14-19 Diplomas.	
Business Administration	JHP Training	Yes	Yes		
Business Administration	Mid Kent College	Yes	Yes	Key Partners	
Customer Service	IPS Intl Ltd	Yes	Yes	Employers, LSC, Schools and FE/HE providers	
Customer Service	JHP Training	Yes	Yes		
Management Procurement	JHP Training JHP Training	Yes Yes	No No		
14-19 Diploma The Business, Administration and Finance Diploma will be available nationally from September 2009. The IT Diploma will be available from Sept 2008. Work is ongoing to ensure that progression pathways for students taking the 14-19 diploma are in place.					
Action Theme 8		Action Backg	round	Action Future needs/comments	Costs

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Level 2 Possession of generic skills such as communication and team working would be the distinguishing factor for employees. Gain Level 2 qualification and basic skills in the workplace.	Re-focus of ESF projects to deliver level 2 generic skills instead of specific work related training. Engage with Train to Gain to ensure targeting resources at key sectors with the right qualifications	Providing generic level 2 skills See Theme 4
Train To Gain Training to Gain is to be expanded to include Level 3 qualifications and will represent a key source of funding and interface with businesses.	Key Partners CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM, LLN, BLK, SSC.	

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Action Theme 9	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Progression Expectations of progression to HE are low as are	aspirations for lower-grade staff.	Investigate setting up Medway based Training pool to develop skills needs training at level 3 and above (SEEDA). Promote Leadership and management training within sectors (level 3).	Establish overview of progression pathways for employees in this sector, highlighting discontinuities and dead-ends.
Expectations of progression to HE are low as are Kent and Medway LLN has been established with surrounding vocational progression into and throu Provision at Universities @ Medway continues to don't see Higher Education as an obvious destina Work to encourage those in the lower-grade jobs towards the higher grade roles would be of value Vocational progression is patchy across the boar level qualifications within the field are not readily courses. Progression from 14-19 diplomas into Apprentice See Theme 7	a very clear remit to examine issues ugh HE. grow year on year, however many still ation for them. within this sector to consider studying e.g. Legal Secretary to Legal Executive. d and poor within this sector since lower- recognised as foundations for higher-level	 management training within sectors (level 3). Progression through CWAL and KMLLN (level 4 and above) Demand led funding by providing the courses that employers/individuals require (see theme 3). Improve ability of public sector providers to respond to employer needs by establishing links with smaller, private sector organisations to act as delivery mechanism. Challenge Universities to improve their response times for the development, accreditation and validation of short courses and programmes for business. Ensure that programmes and stand-along modules articulate with full awards such as HND or Foundation Degrees. Co-develop and deliver programmes such as Foundation Degrees with employers to address higher level skills needs. Aspiration-raising work among employees to promote the benefits of increasing skills and gaining qualifications. Key Partners SEEDA, T2G, CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning 	and dead-ends. £10,000? Establish progression framework in collaboration with KMLLN to ensure that short and modular programmes articulate with full awards. Aspiration-raising programmes for Medway employees £? See Theme 8 See Theme 3 See Theme 10
		Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM, LLN, BLK, SSC.	

Action Theme 10	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Skills Employers are more ready to fund sector-specific managers than for lower-grade staff. Putting employers' needs for skills at centre stag qualifications should be managed through a coor (including SSC) so that it responds directly to the This sector is poorly covered by Sector Skills Coi appropriate professional bodies is absolutely vita needs and to publicise provision.	e education for professionals and senior e; the supply of training, skills and dinated learning and skills sector se needs. uncils and thus engagement with	Making providers more responsive to employers' and learners' needs; and Fostering better joint working by bringing providers and employers together under a managed learning and skills plan. Work with CWAL for progression to level 4 and above, particularly management skills/qualifications. Offer provision that suits learners needs and is flexible. This cannot be done in isolation; we have to work in partnership with those who are educating our young people and the older learner, with Medway council taking a proactive approach through MMSC/MIC. Key Partners CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM, LLN, BLK, SSC, EEF.	See Theme 3 See Theme 5. See Theme 9. See Theme 12.

Action Theme 10	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
single point of contact. Individual institu information on their own provision. Nex Consortium and others are able to offer online is plentiful but the quality is quest Adult Learner Accounts are currently I the South East and the East Midlands. and guidance is available to learners be http://www.lsc.gov.uk/regions/Souther Next Steps Kent and Medway provide a	peing trialled by the Learning and Skills Council in As part of this programme free information, advice fore and after undertaking training.	 Establish online portal for information on the following areas: Education and Training Brokerage (c.f. KMLLN activities) Progression Routes for Individuals (c.f. KMLLN activities) Jobs linked to skills Business Support Activities from Medway Council Financial and economic support for businesses and individuals Information for practitioners Key Partners KMLLN, Kent Guidance Consortium, Next Steps Kent and Medway, Connexions, LSC	Online portal Development costs ~£5-10,000 Maintenance ~£2-5,000 annually

Health & Social Care	Health & Social Care (HSC) – Medway Learning & Skills Plan Sector Template (DRAFT)				
Theme	Background	Progress	Future needs/comments		
Economic Development	This is a growth sector on a global level, with expenditure forecast to grow exponentially as a result of the ageing population. Medway also has the presence of all key elements to establish a very robust health industrial sector group (hospital, training facilities, large care sector, health instrumentation manufacturers and a pharmaceutical faculty). Medway is seeking to establish itself as the 'place of choice for health and social care careers, training and research. Funding for workforce development in the sector is currently provided to the Council by the DH in the form of the National Training Strategy and Human Resources Strategy Development grants. The grants are deployed by the Council to develop its own workforce and that of the independent sector.	Funding is in place through the DH grants to support the MWDP Development and Delivery Plan for 2007/8.	It is almost certain that the current DH grants format will change significantly for 2008/9 onwards. There is also a strong possibility that whatever revised funding configuration applies, the level of funding available will be reduced. In order, therefore, to sustain and increase the level of training commissioned and provided through the Medway College of Social Care (MCSC), alternative funding sources will need to be identified and commercial opportunities established by offering some programmes outside the health and social care sector at an economic rate.		
Businesses	The Council organises the Medway Workforce Development Partnership (MWDP) as vehicle for ensuring that the social care workforce (and, in particular, the <i>independent</i> social care workforce) is trained to meet national minimum standards and beyond, by utilising the DH grants. There are around 150 private and voluntary social care providers in Medway. 115 of these organisations are members of the Partnership. All social care client groups are represented, including children. Through the MWDP and, in collaboration with KCHT (a large independent care provider), the Council has established the 'Medway College of Social Care' (MCSC) to deliver the sector's training requirements.	Working in consultation with carers, employers and people who use services, Skills for Care (SfC) aims to modernise adult social care in England, by ensuring qualifications and standards continually adapt to meet the changing needs of people who use care services. The Council plays a significant role in SfC in Kent and Medway. Along with KCC, HEIs, FE, independent care sector employer associations and public agencies, the Council influences SfC national and regional policy and strategy. The Council participates in the establishment of the annual implementation plan and the management and delivery of the plan.	As above, future funding/income is a critical issue for sustainability		

		is Flair (Drait) – Appendix	
Individuals	The ageing population has implications both for the health care workforce and future service demands. The growth in chronic diseases and long term illness will require an increasingly integrated health and social care workforce composed of individuals with a wider range of skills aimed at providing enabling care to support independent living. Through the MWDP, the independent sector workforce is surveyed on an annual basis. The results indicate the size and composition of the social care workforce in Medway, ie, including the statutory sector, some 4,500 people are employed in social care. The composition of the workforce ranges from care assistants through to registered managers, social work and related professionals.	Progress on the upskilling of the independent sector social care workforce through the activities of the MWDP and MCSC is demonstrated by the increase in the proportion of the workforce qualified to NVQ Level 2 in line with the national minimum requirements: Qualified In Progress 2004: 13% 40% 2005: 31% 40% 2006: 48% 35% The above information is taken from the annual workforce mapping survey. Support for levels 3 and 4 is also in place.	There is increasing acknowledgement that a locally grown workforce aids recruitment and retention. The Council recruits social workers from within its existing workforce where possible. Each year some 4 to 6 employees are selected for the Social Work Degree with the OU to become qualified as social workers. Qualified social workers are also supported through the Post Qualification Framework to enhance their skills further and enable them to progress to higher pay levels. A Health and Social Care Development programme has recently been established to provide pathways for experienced care staff to expand their skills through a variety of placements combined with studying for the Foundation degree in Health and Social Care at CCCU. This provides a bridge for people to move to positions of greater responsibility and/or further study for professional qualifications
Learning Providers	The MCSC commissions and delivers arrange of statutory courses on behalf of the independent social care along with an Entry to Social Care programme for 'A level' students in association with Mid-Kent College. KCHT deliver a significant number of the short statutory courses on behalf of the MCSC. Other accredited training providers are engaged as required. NVQs in social care are currently delivered on behalf of the MCSC by Mid-Kent College. Degree level qualifications for social workers are sourced through the Open University and for social care staff through the Foundation Degree in Health and Social Care offered by CCCU.	Medway Council is developing formal partnerships with the HEIs who have a presence in Medway. A Memorandum of Understanding has been signed with the University of Greenwich at Medway and similar arrangements are being developed with CCCU and UKM. The concept of a 'Care Sector Training Company' was initiated by the Council a few years ago with the aim of providing an integrated approach to commissioning and delivery of training and development across social services and the NHS Trusts in partnership with the HEIs, FE and other training providers. Though the Council was keen to	There is a plan to integrate the Council's internal social care training delivery through the MCSC. The Primary Care Trust is also potentially interested in accessing some of the programmes. Delivery of some programmes by MACLS will also be investigated. More recently, discussions with the Health Trusts have indicated that there may now be a further opportunity to resurrect the issue of a joint approach to training across the health and social care sector.

		is Plan (Drait) – Appendix	
		progress the concept into reality the Health partners, whilst supporting the philosophy, were not able to commit to moving forward.	
		As a result the Council decided to establish the Medway College of Social Care in partnership with KCHT as a first practical step.	
Thames Gateway Priorities	Current provision	Actions	Future needs/comments
Basic skills and lower level qualifications	Basic skills training delivered by MCSC, MKC and MALS. NVQs delivered by MCSC/MKC	Entry to Social Care Scheme aimed principally at school leavers but could be applied to returners and career changers,	Uncertainty about future funding as indicated above.
Intermediate and higher level qualifications	Higher level and professional qualifications delivered by OU, UoG, CCCU and UKM. Social work Post-Qualification Framework delivered by HEIs. CCCU deliver Foundation Degree in Health and Social Care which forms part of a development programme aimed at experienced care staff who have the capacity to expand their skills. NVQs delivered through MCSC/MKC	Revised Post-Qualification framework is nearing completion as a result of joint working by Skills for Care, Statutory Authorities, HEIs and the independent sector. Representation, on behalf of the MWDP, on the Local Development Partnership for the implementation of the new 14-19 Diplomas in Society, Health and Development	Access to higher level qualification programmes to the independent sector is the next development. Potential for work placements and practice learning opportunities in the independent sector
Recruitment, labour market information, advice and brokerage	The Council has created the <u>www.medwaycare.org.uk</u> website which provides social care news, training and careers information and a vacancy advertising service for social care providers. Providers are able to input and amend their own vacancies. MCSC course information is included and there is an on-line course booking facility. Quality recruitment literature and display material has also been developed for the partnership. The MWDP represents the independent social care sector at significant careers event and recruitment fairs.	A partnership with Jobsmatch is being developed so that job vacancies can be featured on both websites. Access to MWDP employers is being facilitated for Jobsmatch to explore work placement opportunities for potential Train to Gain participants. The Council participates in the Open Road and Aim Higher programmes along with the NHS Trusts and local schools. The objective is to support for schools offering health and social care studies by offering work placement opportunities and staging	The South East Care Advisory Service (SECAS) project funded by SfC will offer brokerage support to SME's to identify training needs, establish organisation and individual development plans and advise on training delivery.

		is Plan (Drait) – Appendix	
		careers events and conferences.	
		The Council is also a member of the Care Ambassadors scheme in partnership with Skills for Care. Through this scheme suitable care employees, with good communication and motivational skills, are selected and trained to present a positive image of the sector at careers event, conferences, school visits etc.	
Demographics and older workers	The annual mapping survey of the independent social care workforce indicates the following age profile:Age Range%16 to 20421 to 302131 to 402341 to 502851 to 601861+8This represents a reasonable age spread in the workforce, though the gender balance is heavily skewed with 90% females and 10% males. The ethnic balance reveals that the sector has a higher representation of ethnic minorities than the general Medway population as follows:Ethnic Origin%White74Afro-Caribbean13Asian7Other6	The Health and Social Care Development Programme offers experienced care staff within the Council (and, consequently, often older workers) the possibility of progression to higher level qualifications and entry into the professions.	There is provision to extend the Health and Social Care Programme into the independent sector in 2007/8. Possibility of future expansion of the Entry to Social Care Scheme to returners and career changers. The National Minimum Data Set – Social Care (NMDS-SC) is an SfC national project aimed at collecting comprehensive information on the social care workforce. Though the completion of this survey is not yet mandatory, statutory and independent social care employers are being strongly urged to comply. It is expected that the data collected through the NMDS-SC will obviate the need for Medway to conduct the local workforce mapping survey form 2008 onwards.

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Progression pathways and collaboration	The MCSC provides an entry point into Social Care through the Entry to Social Care Scheme in partnership with Mid-Kent College and progression up to NVQ Level 4/Registered Managers Award. In collaboration with the PCT and CCCU the Health and Social Care Development programme, provides an opportunity for experienced health and social care staff to progress their careers through higher level qualifications.		Progression routes project with UoG.
Partnership and development	The Universities at Medway Campus provides an opportunity to build strong partnerships with employers, Adult and Further Education establishments, Medway could provide some creative and advanced workforce development strategies. The interests of the independent social care sector are best served through the existence of a strong partnership such as the MWDP. The Council engages with the NHS trusts on a number of collaborative projects and programmes, eg Mentoring, End of Life Care, Mental Capacity Act training plan.	The MWDP has grown from around 30 members in 2004 to the present 115 members, ie three-quarters of the private and voluntary social care organisations in Medway. A sub- group of Learning Disability organisations has recently been established. Following the formal establishment of the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with UoG, similar arrangements are being progressed with CCCU and UKM. The Council plays a leading role in the SfC Kent and Medway Group.	 Arising out of the MOU with UoG, a number of programmes have been identified to address significant issues for the sector. These will involve disciplines and areas of activity which are outside the social care sector but can contribute to the improvement of care and independent living for older people and other client groups: Health, fitness and rehabilitation Building and construction, including links with rehab and O/T Telecare and assistive technology 'Enterprise' training and qualifications for social care professionals and staff Skills Plan/Progression Routes Black and Minority Ethnic Summit
General Priorities	Current provision	Actions	Future needs/comments
ICT	Courses offered through the MCSC eg basic Word, Excel, Internet.	Reviewing E-learning option for NVQs through MCSC	Telecare and Assistive Technology project with UoG

Manufacturing & Engineeri	lanufacturing & Engineering				
Action Theme 1	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs		
Economic development Promote Medway as a manufacturing and engineering region. Medway M & E businesses need higher productivity through, High Skilled employees, High Performance Workplaces, High Value Added Investment, Support form Medway council to Promoting Best Practice, Encouraging Intelligent Public Procurement, Improving Understanding of Manufacturing and offer a Solid Infrastructure There are over 900 manufacturing and engineering businesses in Medway, which are responsible for over £1bn of economic activity each year.		The learning and skills plan once completed will need to be managed across all sectors. Medway council need to offer practical sector support to existing businesses and encourage new M & E companies to Medway, promoting high-level skills to increase productivity. Co-ordinate with other regions in N Kent & establish leadership role for Medway, working across all sectors in the Kent Thanes Gateway Key Partners GKA, SEEDA, CLG, Locate in Kent, LDA, ODA, Olympic Skills & Employment Task Force, Employers.	1. Medway learning and skills development manager / coordinator, link all areas of learning and skills plan Salary £38,000+? Medway manufacturing support centre See Theme 12		
Action Theme 2	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs		
Businesses The structure and size of businesse are the working conditions. Modern tech". Which tends to mean fewer p always a problem for manufacturing fewer jobs. SMEs make up the largest number difficult to engage with. Employer engagement; Use of exist database. Promote employers forum and attain section of Medway employers. Look employers forum that meet there read <i>Examples of the sector in Kent; Aen</i> <i>Chemical industry, Electronics & employers</i>	manufacturing is often "high- eople being employed? This is – better productivity means of businesses in this sector, ing brokerages to develop n regular attendance by cross at ways to engage SMEs in quirements ospace, Automotive, Biotech, gineering, Food & beverages,	There is a major need for a joined up one point contact approach, Inform all agencies of correct method for contacting employers/companies. Brokerage staff/systems in place support and develop. Brokerage will hold database. Promote employers forum Key Partners Prime Advantage, T2G Brokerage, BLK, MEBP, NSAM, MAS, Chamber of Commerce, Employ North Kent.	 2. Develop and support brokerage systems See Theme 1. Co-ordination of existing database Link to all areas of learning and skills plan 23000? 3. Support for employers forum, operational management, stakeholders work to common agenda of learning and skills plan £3500? 		
Action Theme 3	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs		

Medway Learning & Ski	lis Plati (Dratt) – App		
Learning providers The current structure of learning and skills is complex and disconnected, split across a number of organizations and delivered through sub-contractual arrangements. There is confusion over what is available to the individual and the employer. This fails to meet Medway's businesses skills needs (SME's) One size does not fit all Providers are content to offer same old material, not looking at all aspects of manufacturing and form partnerships with industry. Develop provider's forum; create new courses to meet the requirements of industry/manufacturing and the individual. Providers to look at core business and best provision, linked to brokerage system, Medway compact and progression Promote more opportunities in the workplace, gain a Level 2 qualification and basic skills in the workplace;		 Work to develop recruitment and training plans for the M & E industry, ensuring the quality and availability of training skills match the needs of a potential growth M & E sector. Ensure that all the organisations work together to deliver the area's priorities, and provide a "single face" to schools and businesses and a co-ordinated approach. Develop new flexible material & delivery; look at all aspects of M & E and form partnerships with industry, suppliers and Medway compact. Establish providers forum Key Partners KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, QIA, MALS, Employers. 	All Providers buy into the Medway learning and skills plan working for a common goal <u>4.Develop new courses to promote innovation See</u> <u>Theme 5</u> <u>Providers</u> <u>5.Support for providers forum</u> <u>link to employers forum£1500?</u> <u>Develop new courses to help individuals start up</u> <u>innovations small businesses</u> <u>Providers</u>
Action Theme 4		Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Action Theme 4 Action Background Individuals Generic skills such as communication and team working should be delivered across all areas at level 2 in manufacturing. Clear progression routes with work skills to level 3 (NVQ). At present very few high calibre individuals, particularly women are encouraged to pursue careers, in Engineering, Manufacturing or CBE Engineering Greater access to APEL without the cost and workload to the individual, easier access and more flexible FE/HE courses Promote the role of Learning in the community and learners with difficulties and or disabilities. Develop more opportunities in the workplace, through NVQ, apprenticeships, degrees and management/leadership programmes.		Deliver full level 2 generic skills instead of specific work related training (across all areas of the learning & skills plan). Flexible FE/HE provision, offering what the learner wants, when they want it Specific work related training delivered at level 3 and above. Raise the profile of company's locally and the opportunities available within industry for individuals. Generate an enthusiasm for technology and other professions within industry (good IAG) Develop unique innovation programme to enable individuals. Promote Women into engineering. Key Partners CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM.	 6.Delivery of full level 2 skills to meet employer requirements. Engage all parties through stakeholder meeting to look at manufacturing needs for generic skills. 7. Develop Work ready awards with LSC for young people to provide the attitude for work that employers require (particularly NEETS), across all areas. LSC £? 8. Raise awareness of M & E employment opportunities in Medway, link to Diploma lines.
Action Theme 5	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
SMEs Engaging with SMEs, no current up to date information on depth and breadth of the M & E sector in Medway or North Kent. Enable SMEs to overcome barriers to effective innovation. SMEs have better access to increased levels of training for employees		Employer engagement; There is a major need for a joined up one point contact approach to engaging SME's Database to provide information on employers and there training needs. Focal point for SME's to engage with through employers Forum. Develop new courses to promote innovation. Key Partners T2G Broker, BLK, MEBP, NSAM, MAS, Chamber of Commerce, Employ North Kent.	At a later date if required commission up to date survey on employer profile within the Kent Thames Gateway. Jointly funded by all parties? See Theme 2 Employers forum See Theme 2 Courses for innovation See Theme 3 Medway manufacturing support centre See Theme 12
Action Theme 6	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Action Theme 6Action BackgroundAPELAdding value to short courses/mapping to qualifications.		Mapping the following, on-the-job training, coaching, learning-by-doing, and short courses with no qualifications against set qualifications. Key Partners CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, OCN, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM.	Support for providers to map short courses <u>9.Mapping exercise</u> link all areas of learning and skills plan

Action Theme 7	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
 Apprenticeships Ensuring that the region's young people understand the valuable contribution they have to make as the region develops and are appropriately skilled to maximise their contribution to the economy At present very few high calibre individuals are encouraged to pursue careers, in Engineering/Manufacturing or Engineering CBE. Promote apprenticeships "any age". 14-19 Diploma The diploma for the first time brings engineering into schools as a significant area of study. It should encourage more young people to think of engineering as a career. As schools will need to work with industry the diploma will have a sound industrial basis. This should in turn boost numbers of applicants for engineering courses. 		Generate an enthusiasm for technology and other professions within industry at an informative age. Schools build strong links with employers through 14-19 diplomas, Apprenticeship task force, extending the compact scheme and Medway Plus scheme. Also look into re-development of pre-apprenticeship schemes. Develop and strengthen Apprenticeship Task Force 1 .Develop Medway Apprenticeship scheme to level 2, Joint funding LEA & LSC progression to; 2 .Community apprentice framework scheme to level 3, funding LSC & employer partnership, All of Medway's young people have access to Level 2 and Level 3 Apprenticeships across the occupational areas of the Learning and Skills plan, focusing on the sectors that are important to Medway. Key Partners MEBP, Connexions, MKC, WBLP, Schools, Children's Trusts, Aim Higher Partnerships, Employers, Sector Skills Councils Youth Justice Board, Lifelong-learning networks, VICM.	 14-19 diplomas in engineering/manufacturing and (engineering) CBE. On-going Diploma road show to raise awareness On-going 10.Medway apprenticeship scheme Cost to setup & promote? 10.1.Apprentice salary Apps salary i.e. 10 apps = £3200 per month 10.2.Part Apprentice salary plus additional part funding for level 3 NVQ assessment Apps salary i.e. 10 apps = £3200 per month
Action Theme 8	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Level 2 This target has been identified as inappropriate for the manufacturing and engineering sector. Possession of generic skills such as communication and team working would be the distinguishing factor for employees. Gain Level 2 qualification and basic skills in the workplace. Clear progression routes with work skills to level 3 (NVQ).		Re-focus of ESF projects to deliver level 2 generic skills instead of specific work related training. Train to Gain, targeting resources at key sectors with the right qualifications, Level 3 for this sector Key Partners CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM, LLN, BLK, SSC.	Providing generic level 2 skills See Theme 4
Action Theme 9	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Progression Employers proactive in funding level to level 4/5 Professionals, Associate Profession and above suffer acute shortages. Raise awareness of BIT, Lean techn Leadership and management skills v engineering are particularly acute (le Progression from 14-19 diplomas int See Theme 7	3 training/skills. Increase this als and Skilled Trades at level 3 iques and foundation degrees. vithin Manufacturing and vel 3/4/5). o Apprenticeship	Investigate setting up Medway based Training pool to develop skills needs training at level 3 and above (SEEDA). Promote Leadership and management training within sectors (level 3). Progression through CWAL (level 4 and above) Demand led funding by providing the courses that employers/individuals require (see theme 3). Foundation degrees developed to suit employer/individual needs and raise awareness of FD to employers (over HNC route). Identify qualifications demanded by employers through Sector Skills Agreements and work with Sector Skills Councils to priorities their delivery. Improve cooperation between industry & HE Key Partners SEEDA, T2G, CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM, LLN, BLK, SSC.	11. £200,000 SEEDA funded project Survey to find out the needs of employers/individuals at level 3, information from previous ESF projects and T2G (management skills at level 3 and above) T2G at level 3 starting point to improve sectors managerial skills Feasibility study £2000? Raise awareness FD See Theme 8 See Theme 10
Action Theme 10	Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs

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Skills Putting employers' needs for skills at centre stage; the supply of training, skills and qualifications should be managed through a coordinated learning and skills sector (including SSC) so that it responds directly to those needs. Leadership and management skills within Manufacturing and engineering are particularly acute (level 3/4/5). The sector GVA per worker is, however, around 65% of the regional average, so it is an important objective of strategy to improve productivity in this sector by increasing skills.	Making providers more responsive to employers' and learners' needs; and Fostering better joint working by bringing providers and employers together under a managed learning and skills plan. Work with CWAL for progression to level 4 and above, particularly management skills/qualifications. Offer provision that suits learner's needs and is flexible. This cannot be done in isolation; we have to work in partnership with those who are educating our young people and the older learner, with Medway council taking a proactive approach through MMSC/MIC. Key Partners CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM, LLN, BLK, SSC, EEF.	See Theme 3 See Theme 5. See Theme 9. See Theme 12.
Action Theme 11 Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
High value manufacturing Successful companies in manufacturing/engineering are working smarter (through higher productivity/investment in equipment), implementing sustainable manufacturing techniques or adding value/niche status to their products in order to survive in a global market place.	Through MIC & MMSC form employer-mentoring groups. Support forum on lean activities, in conjunction with new NVQ in BIT. Providing a strong focus to ensure that Medway invest in the skills needed in key growth and strategic sectors. Identify the Manufacturing/engineering sector from traditional and non- traditional companies employing a skilled workforce; help move them up the value chain. Key Partners IfM, MAS, Dti, CBI, MTA, IET, EEF, UofG, UofK, MKC, SSC. Employers	See Theme 5 See Theme 12.

Action Theme 12 Action Background Action Future needs/comments	Costs

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Medway Learning & Skills Plan (Draft) – Appe		
 Medway Manufacturing Support The manufacturing and engineering sector, which has been increasingly suffering from a shortage of the kind of modern skills needed to compete globally at world-class level. Many more people trained in engineering and manufacturing skills, leadership and management are needed, industry needs people with the right skills to compete in the global market, Manufacturing is a key area to the wealth of Medway and the Southeast region. A key role of the manufacturing support centre would encourage more young people and adults to consider a career in the industry by offering real opportunities for progression and skills development, linked closely to the vocational learning offered through schools. The Centre would also offer a single point of access and focus for the whole broad manufacturing sector within Medway The vision for the centre could be a warehouse type building on Medway City Estate that would bring together all the existing support mechanisms that are provided outside of Medway as well as marketing the support and guidance that is available from Medway council and linking existing projects to the centre as well as create new and innovative training projects in partnership with local providers. The diploma centre could be linked to the MMSC The centre could also be attached to an existing facility or sited at the Medway campus site 	 Work across several sectors Engineering/Manufacturing and Construction (engineering) to support and promote these sectors by providing, Job shop/ Employ North Kent, IAG, signposting within the sector IAG, training provider signpost within the sector (MKC, UofG, UofK, IPS, TTS, UCCA and others) Design advice from UCCA etc and Production advice promoting Lean / BIT etc. from UofG / Delphi / MAS Hosts 'special interest' forums aimed at supporting business development and growth through access to expertise, facilities and technology transfer. Direct access to the support and guidance that is available from Medway council and linking existing projects in the region Contact with other companies' with-in Medway, employers forum Develop Manufacturing / university collaboration brokerage Promote Sustainable manufacturing using local case studies (Delphi) Act as point of contact for employer surveys / engagement. Business planning, management development, finance, accounting, project management, marketing and innovation together with access to a wide range of specialist assistance through developed networks for SMEs. Develop training in creativity and innovation skills enabling companies to cope with changes, adapt, grow and prosper. Conference facilities and training venue for short courses (MKC, UofG, UofK, IPS, TTS, UCCA, BLK, Chamber of Commerce etc) Proactive in attending employer/manufacturers events to engage with companies Key Partners SEEDA, CLG, CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs (UofG, UofK, UofC, MKC, IPS, TTS), QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM, LLN, BLK, IfM, MAS, Dti, CBI, MTA, IET, SSC, EEF, MEBP, NSAM, Chamber of Commerce. 	Building to accommodate MMSC Purchase a building £1m Rent over 5 years £250,000 Attach to Campus site Revenue £150,000 pa?
Action Theme 12 Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Vocational centres have been set up on a small scale with Medway schools (temple); possible gaps in resources could arise as Diploma qualification released. Build on Medway Council's original plan to establish vocational centres in Medway The diploma brings engineering into schools as a significant area of study. It should encourage more young people to think of engineering as a career.	 Bridging vocational training and resource gaps for 14-19 Diploma Students in M & E as well as CBE (engineering). Strong links to MMSC & MIC Key Partners SEEDA, CLG, CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs (UofG, UofK, UofC, MKC, IPS, TTS), QIA, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM, IfM, MAS, Dti, CBI, MTA, IET, SSC, EEF, MEBP, NSAM. 	Building to accommodate MMSC Purchase a building £1m Rent over 5 years £250,000 Attach to school site Revenue £100,000 pa?

Retail, leisure (including hospitality) and tourism		
Action Theme 1 Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
 Economic development Retail, leisure (including hospitality) and tourism is a growth sector in the UK. Expansion of Medway's Leisure and Tourism offer is a key part of local strategic plans to establish Medway as a Tourism Destination. Plans for the development of more hotels, tourist attractions, and cultural facilities are a key priority and are anticipated to create around 6,500 new jobs in Medway by 2016. The bid for World Heritage Status has the potential to raise the profile of Medway significantly, and secure funding for the region. Medway is currently promoted as a tourism destination and events like the Dickens festival held twice year, coupled with the larger events held in the Historic Dockyard attract thousand of visitors to Medway. There has also been a rapid growth in the number of retail outlets, however, the calibre of some these outlets is disappointing and unlikely to attract shoppers from beyond the Medway Towns. Training is sporadic and often in- house, with little or no managerial training given. The first foundation Degree in Tourism Management was launched this year and is a partnership between Mid Kent College and the University of Kent in Medway. It is hoped that this HE qualification will pave the way for further development of level 4/5 qualifications for staff currently working in the sector as well as attracting new people. 	There is need for a highly skilled work force to support the growth in the sector. Investment, and support from Medway council promoting best practice and encouraging intelligent public procurement, in terms of training, would improve the current ad hock approach to the up skilling of staff. There is a desperate shortage of highly qualified senior staff such as, Hotel and Retail Managers. Higher Educational qualification such as the Tourism Management Degree is needed to ensure the future development of the sectors and to stop our middle managers leaving Medway to work else where. The sector would benefit from an APEL/ Skills mapping Coordinator, who could translate qualifications gained in other European countries. The learning and skills plan once completed will need to be managed across all sectors. <i>Co-ordinate with other regions in N Kent & establish leadership role for Medway, working across all sectors in the Kent Thanes Gateway</i> Key Partners MTA, KTA, GKA, SEEDA, CLG, Locate in Kent, LDA, ODA, Olympic Skills & Employment Task Force, Employers.	1. Medway learning and skills development manager / coordinator, link all areas of learning and skills plan Salary £38,000+?
Action Theme 2 Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs

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BusinessesTourism, leisure and retail currently makes up around 7% of employment in Medway. The majority of retail companies tend to carry out there own in-house training.Employer engagement does exist, via the network of Town Centre Managers, for the Retail sector. The tourism sector does have the very successful Medway Tourism Association, however both sectors would benefit from use of existing brokerages to develop a common database.Medway Council facilitate the Medway Tourism Alliance (group of local tourism businesses). The Medway Tourism Association partnered with Medway Council and Mid Kent College previously gained ESF funding to run an on Ambassador Scheme, for tourism followed two years later for an Ambassadors Scheme for Retail. Staff undertook a series of short courses designed to benefit the cross section of business as well as staff knowledge and skills.There is a need for a joined up one point contact approach, that would inform all agencies of correct method for contacting employers/companies	 Opportunity to re-launch Medway Ambassador Schemes in retail, leisure and tourism. Previous schemes were free and not prescriptive, and used a 'blank page' approach to developing courses. The courses were designed by the sector for the sector, and were very effective with over 450 people benefiting from the programme. The networking opportunities that this pan Medway training programmes offered, plus the central data base designed to manage the programme, was very beneficial. Future development in this area would benefit Medway. Train to Gain funding could be used to support local businesses. This used the TCM and MTA approach to engage employers first, and then tailor training courses to fit their needs. Brokerage staff/systems in place support and develop. Brokerage will hold database. Promote employers forum Key Partners MTA. Prime Advantage, T2G Brokerage, BLK, MEBP, NSAM, MAS, Chamber of Commerce, Employ North Kent. 	2.Develop and support brokerage systems See Theme 1. Co-ordination of existing database Link to all areas of learning and skills plan £3000? 3.Support for employers forum, operational management, stakeholders work to common agenda of learning and skills plan £3500?
Action Theme 3 Action Background	Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Learning providers There is plethora of training providers, both in Medway and those being recruited into Medway from outside the area in order to provide training. The lack of an up to date data base does make the procurement of training challenging for the customer Develop provider's forum; create new courses to meet the requirements of the sector and the individual. Providers to look at core business and best provision, linked to brokerage system, Medway compact and progression Promote more opportunities in the workplace, gain a Level 2 qualification and basic skills in the workplace;	 The Life Long Learning Network for Kent and Medway are in the process of gathering information on training programmes from across the region. The preparation for new diploma lines has brought about a number of Local Development Partnerships, bringing local schools, Colleges and training providers together in a partnership approach to deliver training, as well as a shared agreement for the use of recourses. The demand-led funding concept emerging from Leitch, means that the need for full cost recovery will mean that FEIs will need to do far more business development work. Greater use of funding via incentives such as Train to Gain, will benfit the individual as well as SME`s. There are no plans for a Diploma in this sector, so therefore a diploma equivalent will need to be devised. A Medway Academy for Business & Retail would ensure that we increase skill levels, and actively engage 14-16 in sector specific training. Engagement in the delivery of the new Community Apprenticeship programme could help reengage NEETS, and raise awareness of Apprenticeship Programmes 	All Providers buy into the Medway learning and skills plan working for a common goal 4.Develop new courses to promote the sector Providers £10.000 5.Support for providers forum link to employers forum £1500? Providers

Action Theme 4 Action Backg		Action Future needs/comments	Costs
Action memory Individuals Many of the jobs in RLT will be flexible and low-end, operaccessible opportunities for those outside the labour mather growing student population. Generic skills such as communication, and team working delivered by Schools, Further Education Colleges and Toproviders, but is not guaranteed once a young person har employed. This progression from across all areas at level 2, with cliprogression routes to level 3 is essential in order for Memmeet the national Skills Targets. Investigate setting up Medway based Training pool to date and management training within sectors (level 3). Progression through CWAL (level 4 and above) Demand led funding by providing the courses that employers/individuals require (see theme 3).	ening up arket, and for ng are Training has gained lear edway to develop skills	 Individualised learning is at the heart of the Leitch report, and this form of personalised, flexible learning is in evidence, in Medway . Apprenticeships work well in Hospitality sector, and with the advent of the new Diploma lines in 2009 more young people will have an opportunity to learn about the industry. Mid Kent College forecast an 65% increase its student numbers in hospitality and catering by, that 2010. The Tourism and Retail sector need further development of opportunities in the workplace, through apprenticeships, degrees and management/leadership programmes. Medway needs to deliver more full level 2 generic skills as well as specific work related training (across all areas of the learning & skills plan). Flexible FE/HE provision, offering what the learner wants, when they want it There is a need to raise the profile of companies locally and the opportunities available within industry for individuals. Additionally, there is a need to generate enthusiasm for technology and other professions within industry (good IAG) Key Partners <i>CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM.</i> 	6.Delivery of full level 2 skills to meet employer requirements. Providers £10,000 7.Develop Work ready awards with LSC for young people to provide the attitude for work that employers require (particularly NEETS), across all areas. LSC £10.000 8.
Action Theme 9 Action Backg	ground	Action Future needs/comments	Costs

Increase the number of Foundation and full Degree programmes to include Retail, and Hospitality Work with Life Long Learning Network for Kent and Medway in the development of progression agreements There is real potential to establish a CoVE (the new standard) in retail and leisure (SSC to approve qualification). Future action would be to tie in to needs flagged for the 2012 Olympics. We may need some external funding for this. There would be potential for an Interreg project where businesses time could be used as match funding, this approach worked well in previous ESF funded projects. There is a desperate shortage of highly qualified senior staff such as, Hotel and Retail Managers. Higher Educational qualification such as the Tourism Management Degree is needed to ensure the future development of the sectors and to stop our middle managers leaving Medway to work else where. Key Partners <i>SEEDA, T2G, CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers,</i> <i>FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community</i> <i>sector, VICM, LLN, BLK, SSC.</i>	11. £200,000 SEEDA funded project Survey to find out the needs of employers/individuals at level 3, information from previous ESF projects and T2G (management skills at level 3 and above) T2G at level 3 starting point to improve sectors managerial skills Feasibility study £2000?
Action Future needs/comments	Costs
 There is a need to integrate Key/ Basic skill into the curriculum in order for young people to see the relevance for their subject area. Incentives for completion, with clear pathways for progression, would benefit the large number of people in Medway who currently do not have a level 2 qualification. We need to be ensuring that the region's young people understand the valuable contribution they have to make as the region develops, and are appropriately skilled to maximise their contribution to the economy. Raising the basic Skills rate and meeting regional targets is high priority for Medway. This could be achieved via a Medway wide marketing campaign Key Partners CWAL, KAFEC, KATO, Association of Learning Providers, FE/HE, WBLP, CoVEs, QIA, MALS, Employers, Voluntary and community sector, VICM, LLN, BLK, SSC, EEF. 	
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Glossary of Terms

BERR (or DBERR)	Department for Business, Enterprise & Regulatory Reform
BLK	Business Link Kent
BSSP	Business Support Simplification Programme
CBI	Confederation of British Industry
CLG	Department for Communities and Local Government
CoVE	Centre of Vocational Excellence
CWAL	Centre for Work and Learning
DCSF	Department for Children, Schools and Families
DIUS	Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills
DTI	Department for Trade and Industry (now Department for Business, Enterprise & Regulatory Reform)
ESB	Employment & Skills Board
FE	Further Education
GKA	Gateway Knowledge Alliance
HE	Higher Education
IET	Institution of Engineering and Technology
lfM	Institute for Manufacturing
IPS	IPS International Private Training Provider
Jobsmatch	Medway partners project to provide specialist support and brokerage to unemployed people
KAFEC	Kent Association of FE Corporations
КАТО	Kent Association of Training Organisations
KBS	Kent Business School (University of Kent)
LEA	Local Education Authority
Leitch	The Leitch Review of Skills/Leitch Implementation Plan

LLN	Lifelong Learning Network
LSC	Learning and Skills Council
LSP	Local Strategic Partnership
LSPA	Local Skills & Productivity Alliance
MALS	Medway Adult Learning Service
MAS	Manufacturing Advisory Service
MC	Medway Council
MEBP	Medway Education Business Partnership
MEP	Medway Economic Partnership
МКС	Mid Kent College
MLP	Medway Learning Partnership
MLSP	Medway Learning and Skills Plan
MR	Medway Renaissance
MTA	Manufacturing Technologies Associations
NEET	Not in employment, education or training
NSAM	National Skills Academy for Manufacturing
QCA	Qualifications and Curriculum Authority
REIGNITE	Realising Economic Inclusion by Existing Disadvantaged Communities Through Employment Support Measures – Project focused on Medway's deprived neighbourhoods
SSC	Sector Skills Council
SEEDA	South East of England Development Agency
TG	Thames Gateway
TGKP	Thames Gateway Kent Partnership
Train to Gain (T2G)	Government scheme to support training in the workplace
TTS	Technical Training Solutions Private Training Provider

University of Greenwich at Medway
University of Kent Canterbury
University of Kent Medway
Voluntary Infrastructure Consortium Medway
Work-based Learning